

Coble duality and Kummer fourfolds

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COBLE CUBIC AND DUALITY

MAIN OBJECTS: C , $A = JC$, $\mathcal{C}_3 \subset \mathbb{P}^8$, $\mathcal{C}_6 \subset (\mathbb{P}^8)^\vee$.

Let (A, Θ) be a (very general) principally polarized abelian variety. The map associated to the linear system $|3\Theta|$ is an embedding

$$\phi_{|3\Theta|} : A \hookrightarrow |3\Theta|^\vee \cong \mathbb{P}^8$$

- (Coble, 1917 - Beauville, 2003). There is exactly one cubic $\mathcal{C}_3 \subset |3\Theta|^\vee$ containing $\phi_{|3\Theta|}(A)$, singular along $\phi_{|3\Theta|}(A)$ itself.

There is a curve C of genus 2 whose Jacobian is A , $JC \cong A$. The moduli space of rank 3 semi-stables vector bundles over C is $SU_C(3)$.

- (Dolgachev, 1996). There is a natural double cover $r : SU_C(3) \rightarrow |3\Theta|$, ramified along a sextic \mathcal{C}_6 .
- (Dolgachev, 1996). **QUESTION:** is $\mathcal{C}_6 \subset |3\Theta|$ projectively dual to $\mathcal{C}_3 \subset |3\Theta|^\vee$?
- (Ortega, 2005 - Nguyen, 2007). **YES!** The image of \mathcal{C}_3 via the associated Gauss map is indeed \mathcal{C}_6 .

$$|3\Theta|^\vee \supset \mathcal{C}_3 \xrightarrow{\text{Gauss}} \mathcal{C}_6 \subset |3\Theta| \quad (1)$$

And the story is not finished yet...

HOW ABOUT $\text{Kum}_2 A$??

GOAL: study projective models of Kummer fourfolds. Very few are known!

$\text{Kum}_2 A$ admits two big+nef, non-ample divisors $[Y]$:

$$D_1 = \Theta_2 \text{ and } D_2 = 2\Theta_2 - \delta,$$

whose square is minimal ($q_{BB}(D_1) = q_{BB}(D_2) = 2$).

THE LINEAR SYSTEM $|D_1|$ [BMT]

There is a natural map $f : \text{Kum}_2 A \rightarrow SU_C(3)$. The composition with the double cover is identified with $\phi_{|D_1|}$,

$$\phi_{|D_1|} = r \circ f : \text{Kum}_2 A \rightarrow SU_C(3) \rightarrow |3\Theta| \cong |D_1|^\vee. \quad (2)$$

The image of the Kummer fourfold lies in the sextic \mathcal{C}_6 !

THE LINEAR SYSTEM $|D_2|$

Our main tool is the action of $A[3] \cong (\frac{\mathbb{Z}}{3\mathbb{Z}})^4$ (the 3-torsion points of A) over $\text{Kum}_2 A$. The 3-torsion $A[3]$ acts trivially on the second cohomology group of $\text{Kum}_2 A$ and the maps associated to the linear systems $|D_2|$ and $|D_1|$ are equivariant with respect to the action of $A[3]$.

Proposition 1. (A-GR) The linear system $|D_2|$ is base-point-free.

The 3-torsion acts also over $|3\Theta|$. Both actions lift to the action of a central extension H_3 on $H^0(A, 3\Theta)$ and $H^0(\text{Kum}_2 A, 2\Theta_2 - \delta)$,

$$1 \rightarrow \mu_3 \rightarrow H_3 \rightarrow A[3] \rightarrow 1.$$

In both cases, it is the so-called *irreducible Schrödinger representation* (classical for A , very recently proved by O'Grady for $\text{Kum}_2 A$ [OG]). We are able to make O'Grady's result effective, by finding a copy of A inside the image of $\text{Kum}_2 A$.

Proposition 2. (A-GR) The image $\phi_{|D_2|}(\text{Kum}_2 A)$ contains A , projectively embedded via the linear system $|3\Theta|$. This yields a natural identification

$$\phi_{|D_2|} : \text{Kum}_2 A \rightarrow |D_2|^\vee \cong |3\Theta|^\vee. \quad (3)$$

QUESTIONS. Pulling together (1), (2) and (3): Does the Gauss map send $\phi_{|D_2|}(\text{Kum}_2 A)$ to $\phi_{|D_1|}(\text{Kum}_2 A)$? Does $\phi_{|D_2|}(\text{Kum}_2 A) \subset \mathcal{C}_3$?

DUALITY

Theorem 1. (A-GR) The composition of $\phi_{|D_2|}$ with the Gauss map associated to \mathcal{C}_3 is $\phi_{|D_1|}$,

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \phi_{|D_2|}(\text{Kum}_2(A)) & \xrightarrow{\text{Gauss}} & \phi_{|D_1|}(\text{Kum}_2(A)) \\ \downarrow & \searrow & \downarrow \\ |3\Theta|^\vee & \xleftarrow{\text{Gauss}} & \mathcal{C}_3 \xrightarrow{\text{Gauss}} \mathcal{C}_6 \xrightarrow{\text{Gauss}} |3\Theta| \end{array}$$

ONE STEP FURTHER

Corollary 1. (A-GR) $\phi_{|D_2|}(\text{Kum}_2 A)$ is contained in the cubic \mathcal{C}_3 .

Corollary 2. (A-GR) The map $\phi_{|D_2|}$ is birational onto its image.

Some interesting upcoming questions:

- Let (X, H) be a general deformation of $(\text{Kum}_2 A, D_2)$. Is $\phi_{|H|}$ still birational?
- Can we find explicit equations for $\phi_{|D_2|}(\text{Kum}_2(A))$?
- Can we describe the image in $|3\Theta|$ to the point of having a good grasp on the image of $\phi_{|H|}$ as above?

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