

CIRME

Standardization of hemoglobin A2: does HbA1c history repeat itself?

Andrea Mosca

CIRME

Dip. Scienze e Tecnologie Biomediche



UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI
DI MILANO

Centro Interdipartimentale per
la Riferibilità Metrologica in
Medicina di Laboratorio
(CIRME)

Outline

- Clinical relevance
- State-of-the-art of HbA₂ measurements
- IFCC HbA₂ standardization
- Conclusions

CIRME



Clinical relevance

1.7 % of the world's population is carrying thalassemic genes

□ β -thal

- Mediterranean regions: up to 8 %
- Middle East: up to 10 %
- India: 3 – 15 %
- Southeast Asia: up to 9 %

Hb A₂ reference intervals (2SD, Tietz)

normals: 1.5 - 3.5 %

β-thal trait: 3.7 - 7.0 %

Hb A₂ reference intervals (Menarini HA8160)

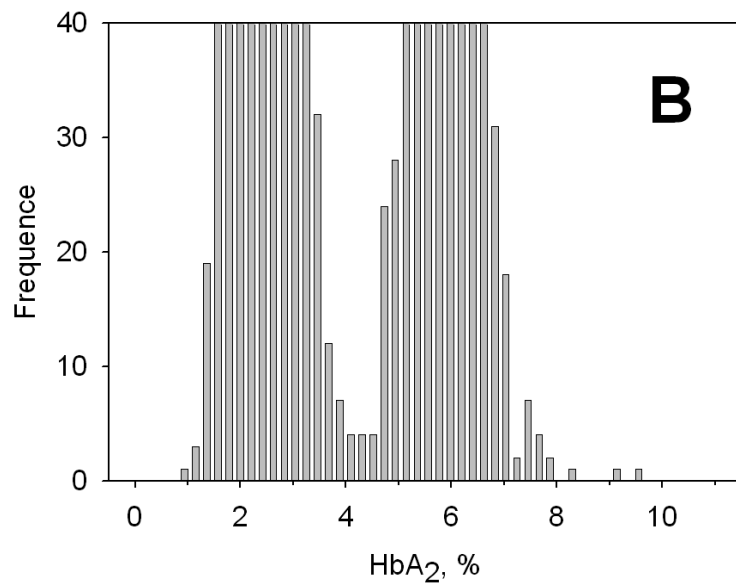
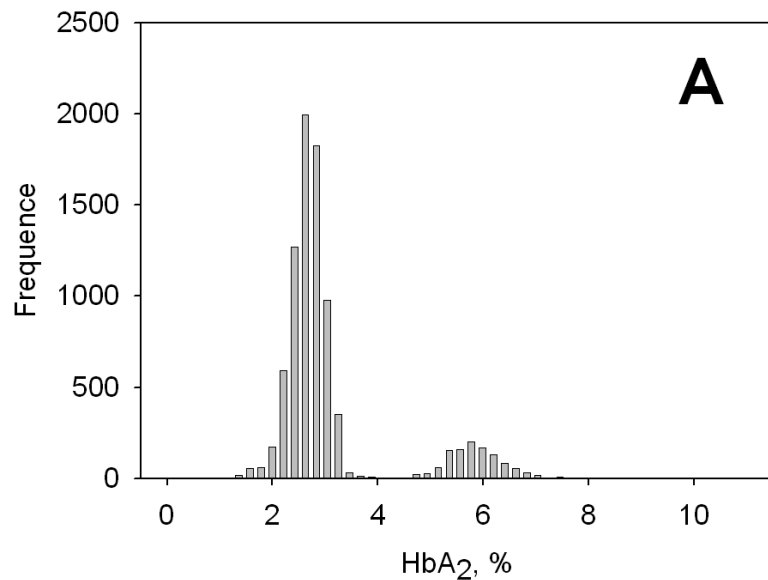
normals: < 3.2 %

borderline: 3.3 - 3.8 %

β-thal trait: >3.8 %

CIRME



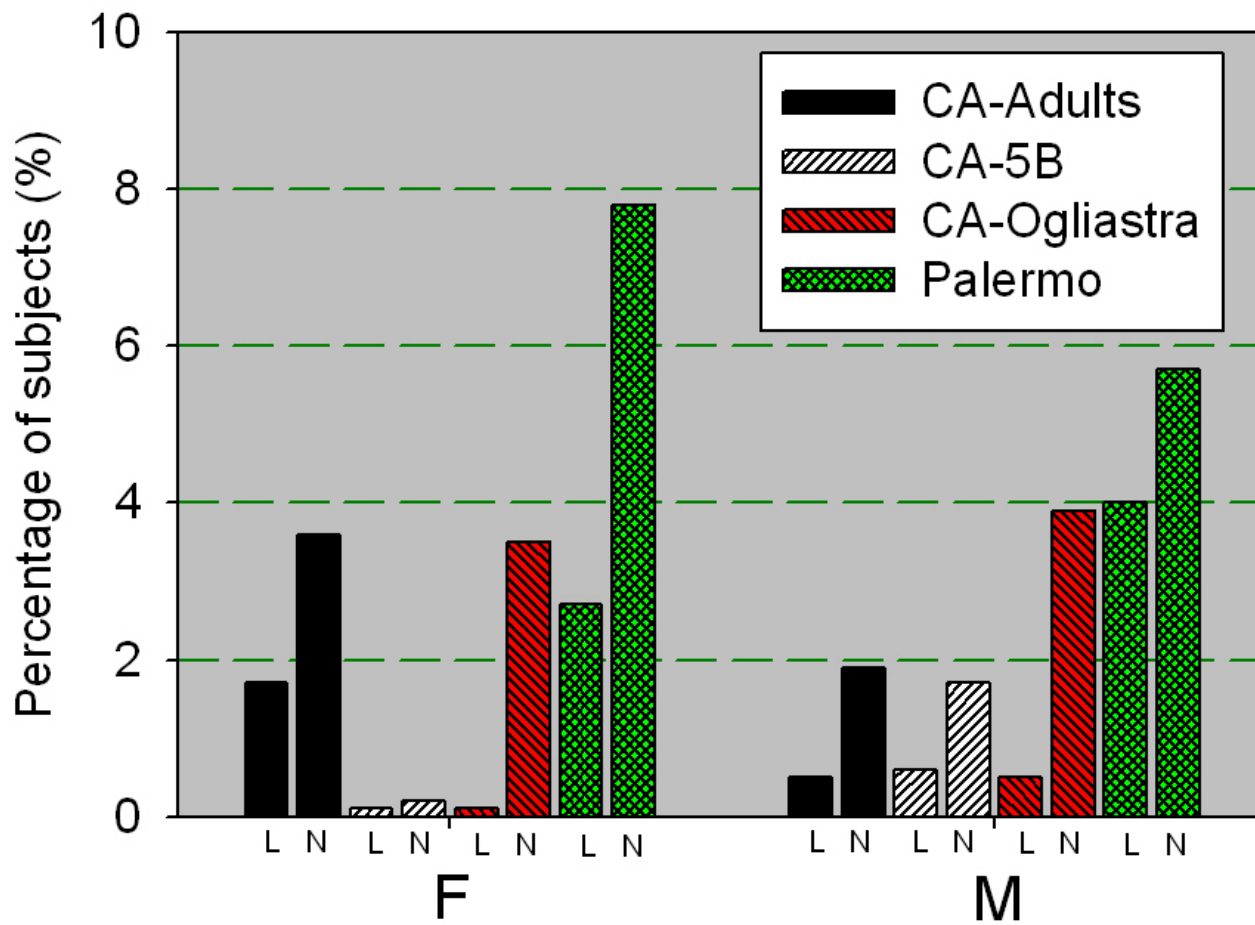


Incidence of HbA₂ “borderline”
 (between 3.3 and 3.7 %)
 N = 194 over 8514 (2,3 %)

MCV <80 fL and Hb below the
 reference interval:
156 over 8514 (1,8 %)

CIRME





Genotype of 234 (over 1743) subjects with HbA₂ borderline

mutation defect 25.6 %
no defect 74.4 %

NEG/-α3.7	2
NEG/IVS 1 nt 6	20
β*+δCd 27	7
NEG/ααα^{anti3,7}	10
Hb Variants**	3
Cap +1570	1
β prom. (-101; -92)	10

* β-thal mutations: β 039, IVS I nt 1, IVS I nt 110

** Hb Variants: Hb Acharnes (cd 53 GCT>ACT); Hb Kokomo (cd 74 GGC>AGC), Hb Ernza (cd 123 ACC>AAC)

CIRME



Genetic counselling

- HbA₂ borderline subjects should be always investigated in couples at risk

CIRME



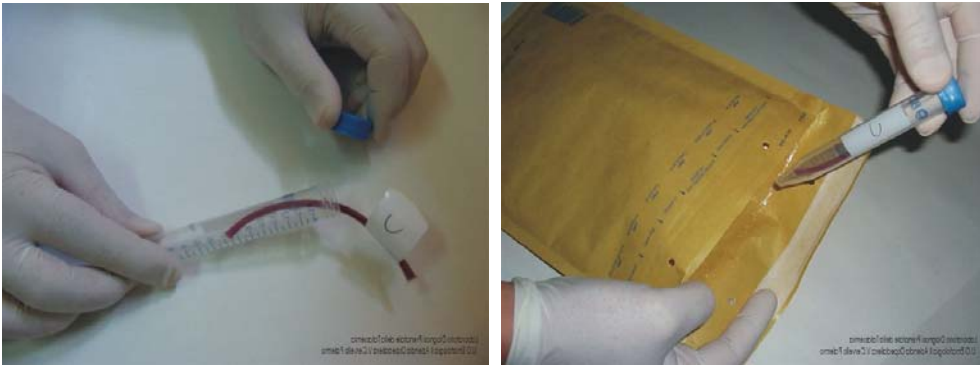
State-of-the-art of HbA₂ measurements

- EQAS data

CIRME



N = 48 HPLC
April-June 2005



SOSTE, VEQ HbA₂
(distribuzione delle misure, maggio 2005)

Variabilità totale

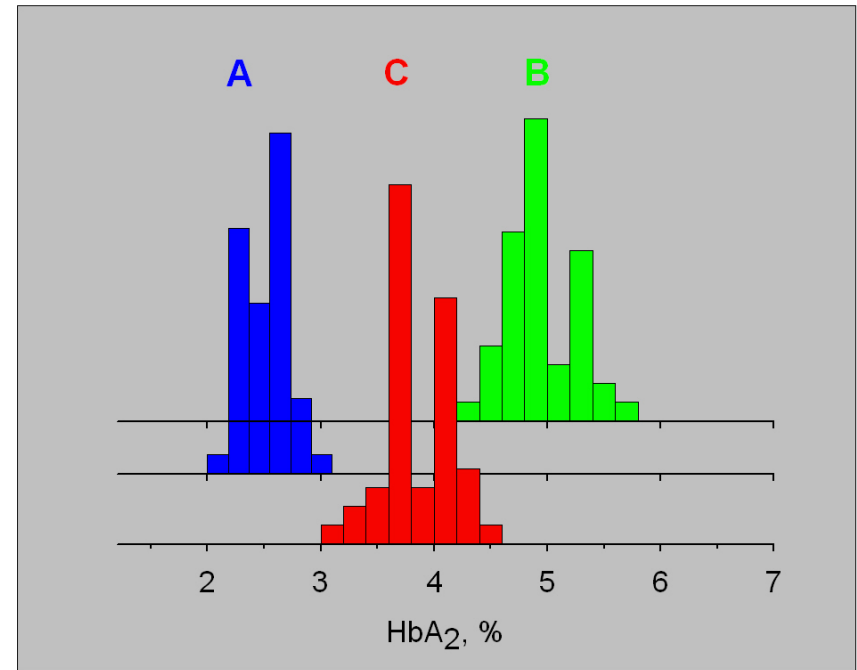
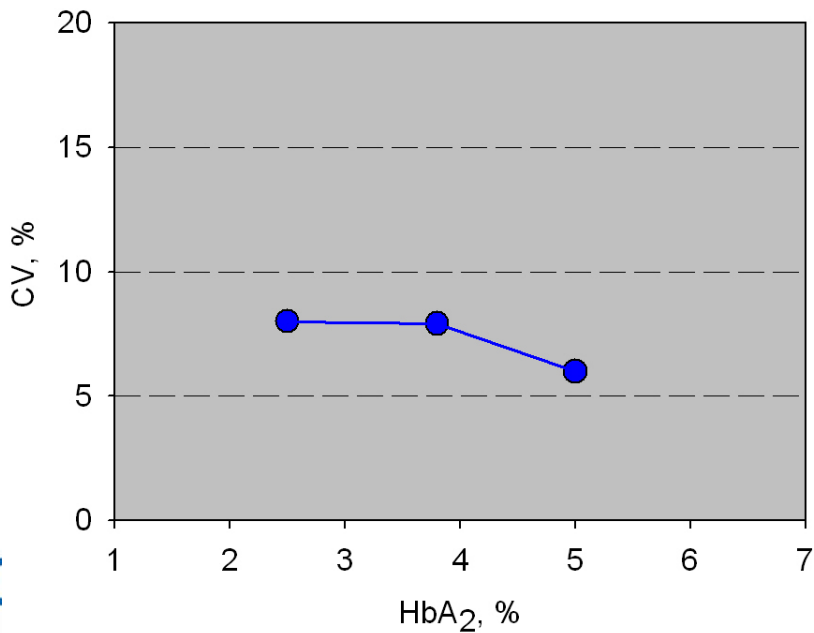


Table 2 HbA₂ results reported in the study and grouped for method.

HPLC systems	Sample	HbA ₂ %					CV %	n
		Mean	SD	Min	Max	Median		
<i>D10</i>	A	2.6	0.2	2.3	2.7	2.6	7.7	4
	B	5.1	0.3	4.6	5.3	5.2	5.9	4
	C	3.9	0.2	3.6	4.0	3.9	5.1	4
<i>Variant</i>	A	2.6	0.2	2.0	3.1	2.6	7.7	24
	B	5.0	0.2	4.5	5.4	5.0	4.0	23
	C	3.9	0.2	3.4	4.2	3.9	5.1	23
<i>Variant II beta-thal</i>	A	2.6	0.2	2.2	2.8	2.6	7.7	8
	B	4.9	0.4	4.2	5.3	5.0	8.2	8
	C	3.8	0.3	3.2	4.2	3.9	7.9	8
<i>Variant II dual kit</i>	A	2.4	0.1	2.2	2.7	2.3	4.2	11
	B	5.0	0.3	4.6	5.7	4.9	6.0	12
	C	3.8	0.3	3.1	4.4	3.7	7.9	12
<i>All methods</i>	A	2.5	0.2	2.0	3.1	2.6	8.0	47
	B	5.0	0.3	4.2	5.7	5.0	6.0	47
	C	3.8	0.3	3.1	4.4	3.8	7.9	47

HbA₂, analytical goals

$$TE = 1.65 * CV_a + 1/4(CV_I^2 + CV_G^2)^{1/2}$$

$$CV_I = 2.8 - 3.4 \% \rightarrow 3.1 \%$$

$$CV_G = 20 \%$$

$$\longrightarrow TE = 7.6 \%$$

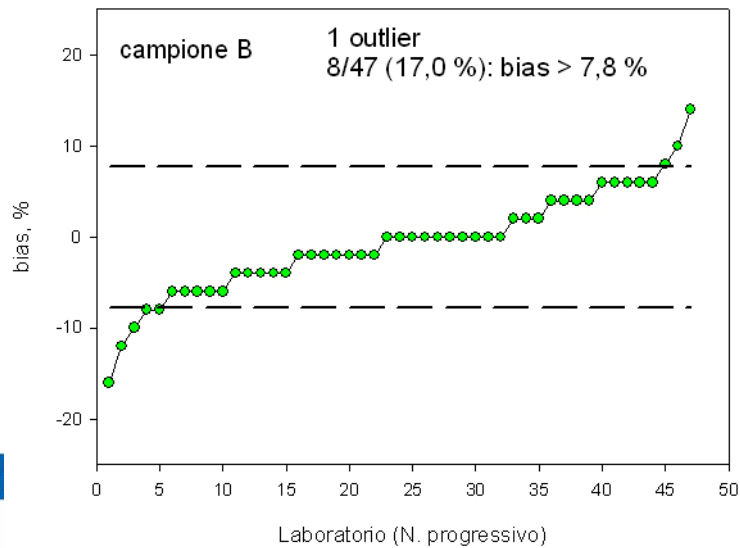
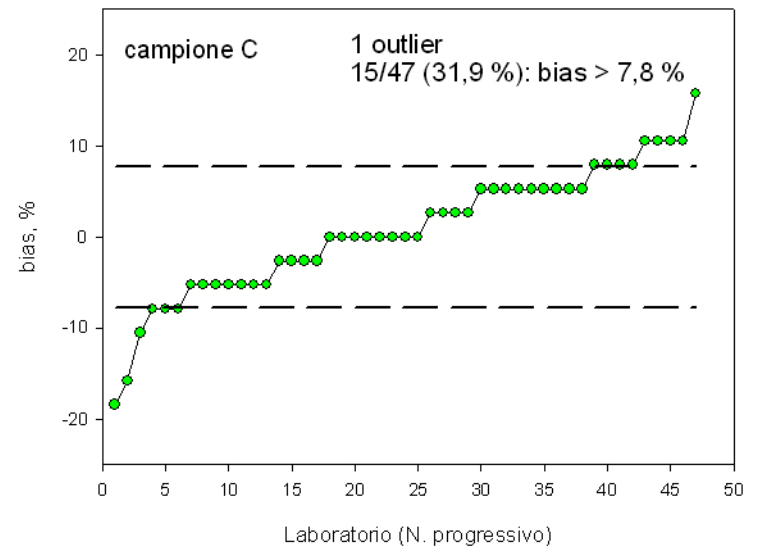
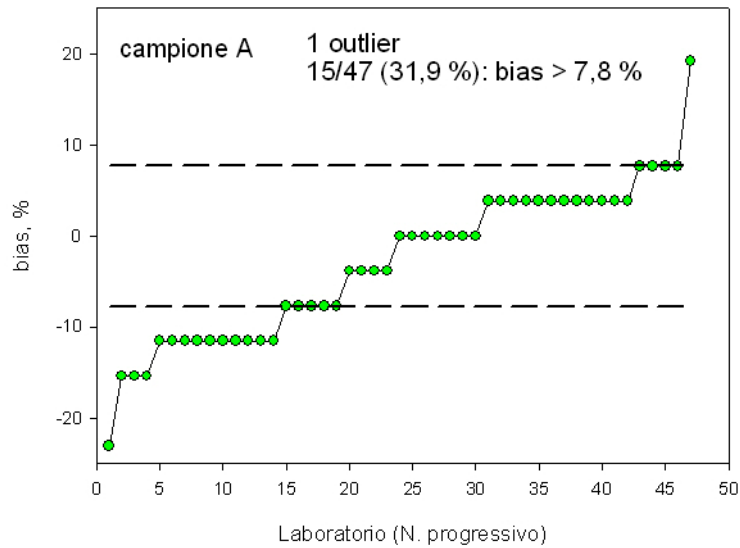
$$CV_a = 1.4 - 1.7 \% \rightarrow 1.6 \% \text{ (goal for imprecision)}$$

HbA₂ “true value”: 3.0 %

“acceptable” measured value: 2.8 – 3.2 %

CIRME





CIRMI



IFCC HbA₂ standardization



- To prepare a reference material for hemoglobin A₂ in conjunction with IRMM.

CIRME



IFCC WG-HbA₂ Membership

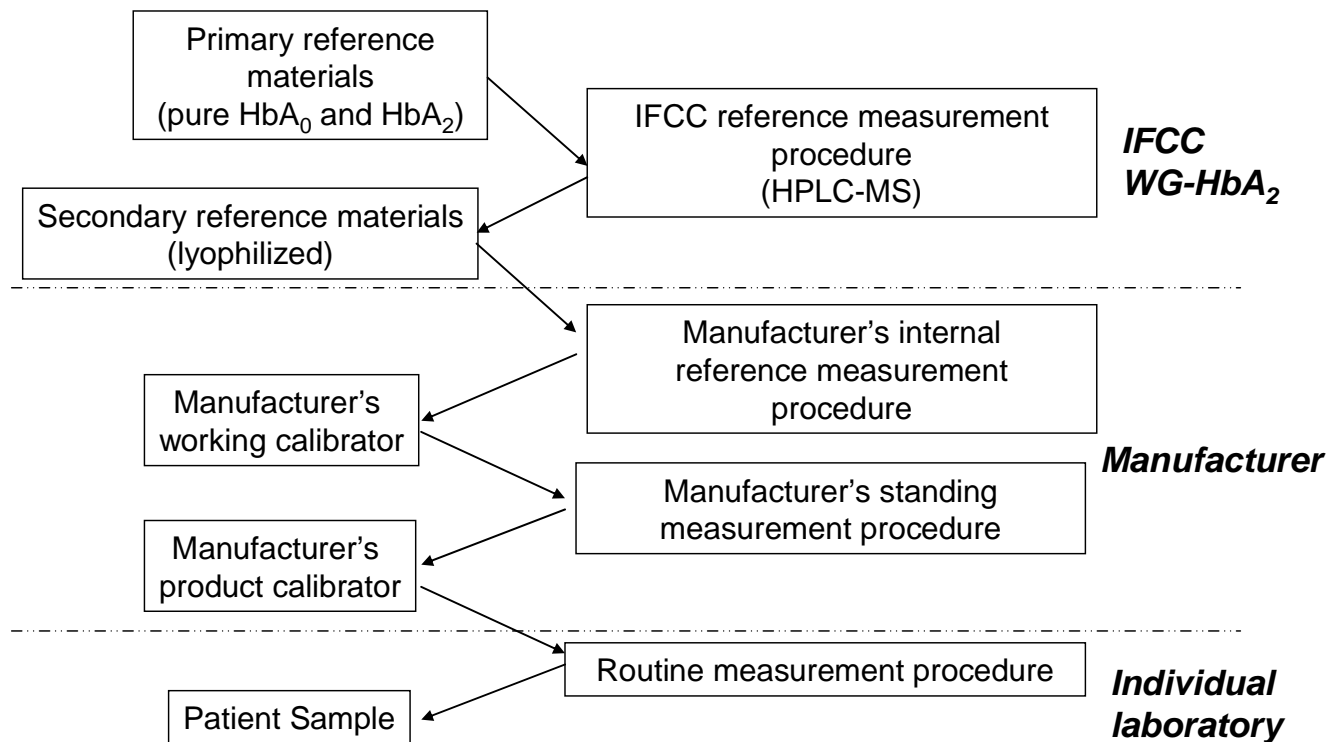


Name	Position	Country	Term	Time in Office
A. Mosca	Chair	IT	1st	2004 01 – 2006 12 extended
E. Bissé	Member	DE		
D. Caruso	Member	IT		
B. Green	Corp. Rep.	UK		
A. Van Dorsselaer	Member	FR		
B. Wild	Member	UK		

CIRME



IFCC Reference System for HbA₂

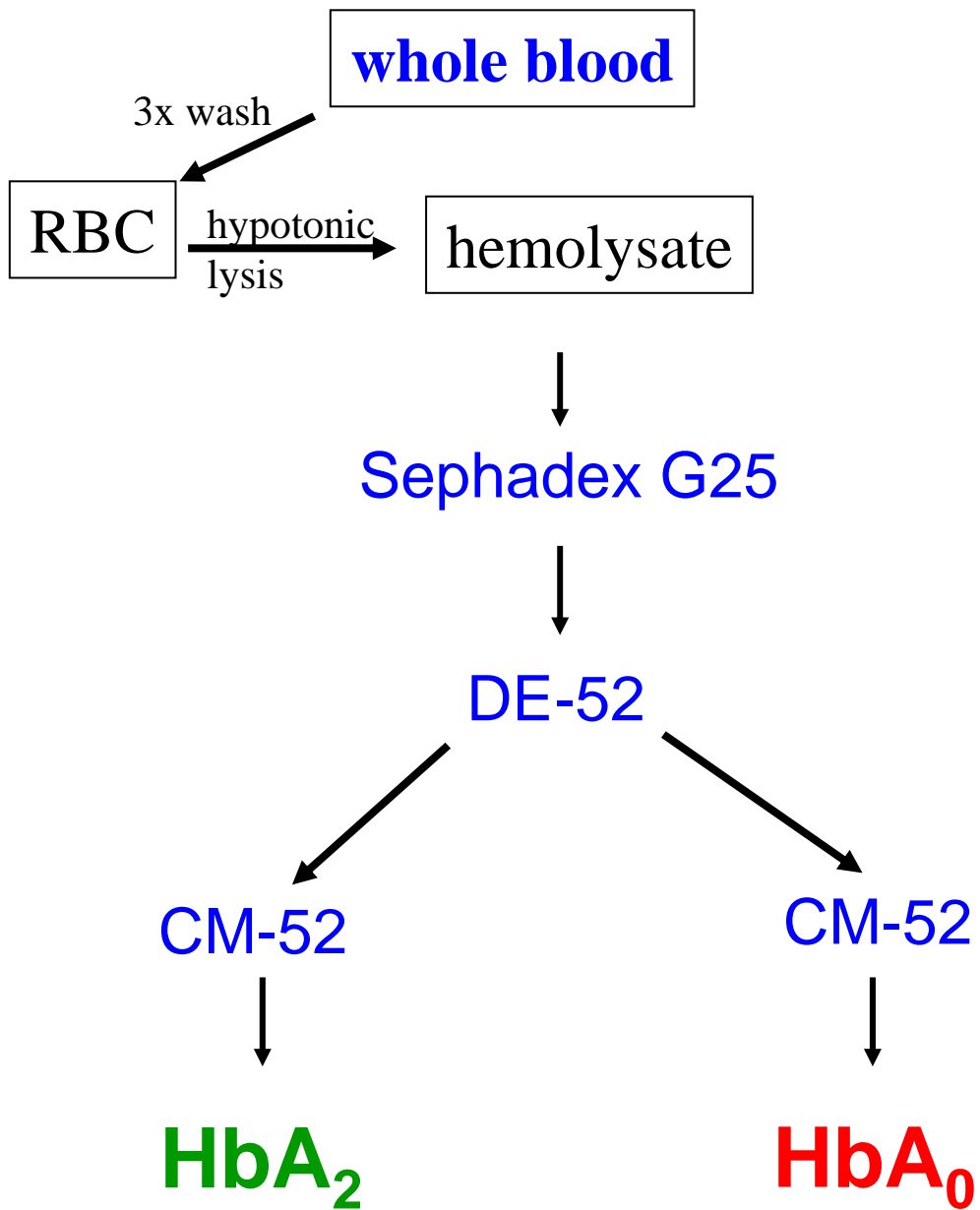


Primary Reference Materials

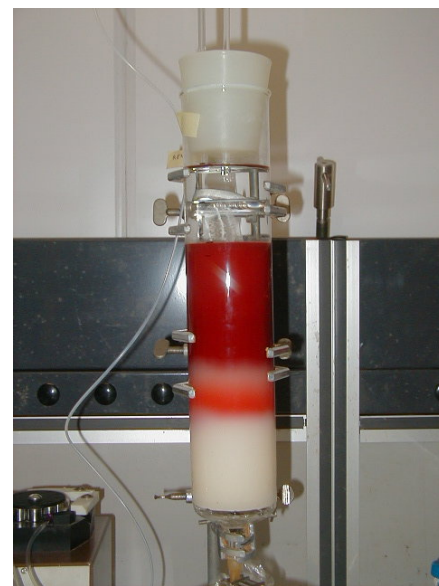
- **Pure HbA₀ and HbA₂ (three batches produced so far)**
- **Liquid solutions (buffer with sucrose) at -80 °C**
- **Available c/o Dept. Science and Biomedical Technology, University of Milano**
- **Small aliquots will be transferred to IRMM**

CIRME





**Preparation of
pure HbA₀ and
HbA₂**



CIRME



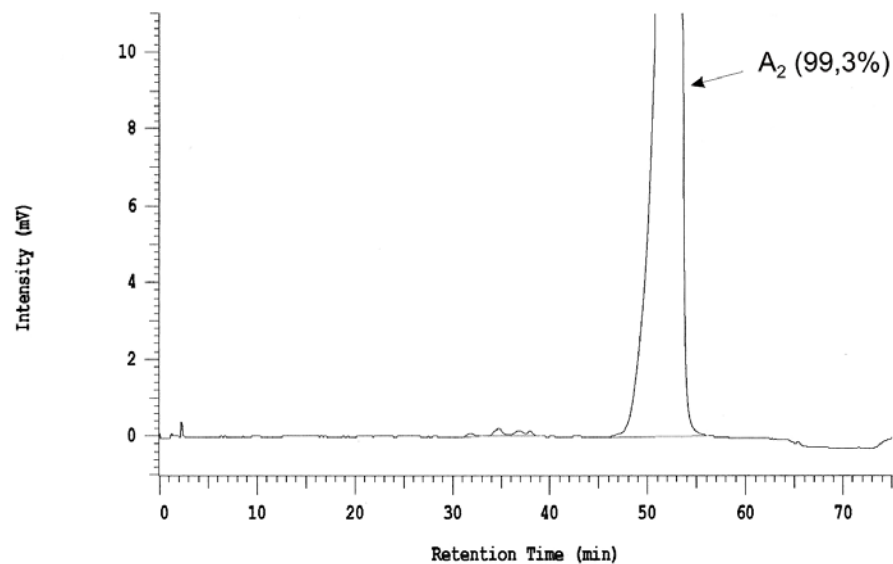
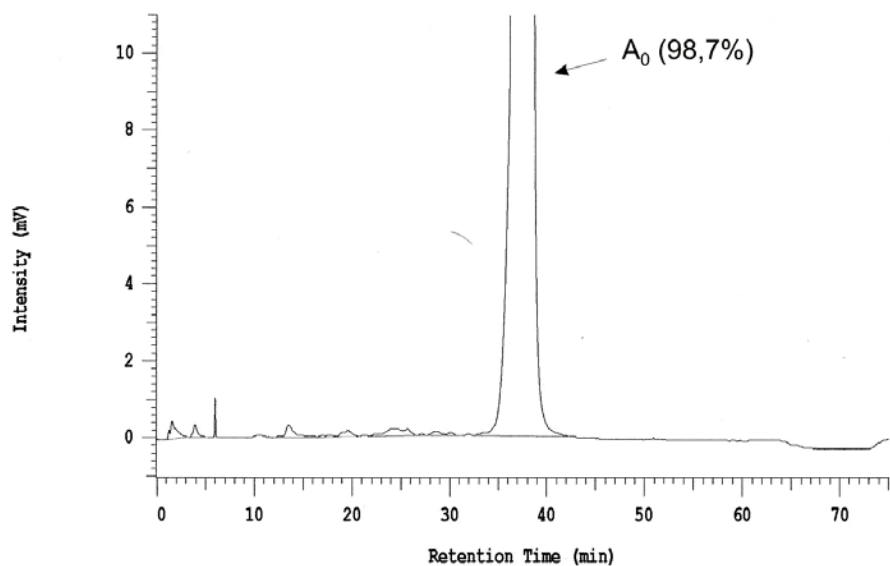
Tests for assessing purity of the primary calibrators

- HPLC
- IEF
- Capillary EF
- ESI-MS

CIRME



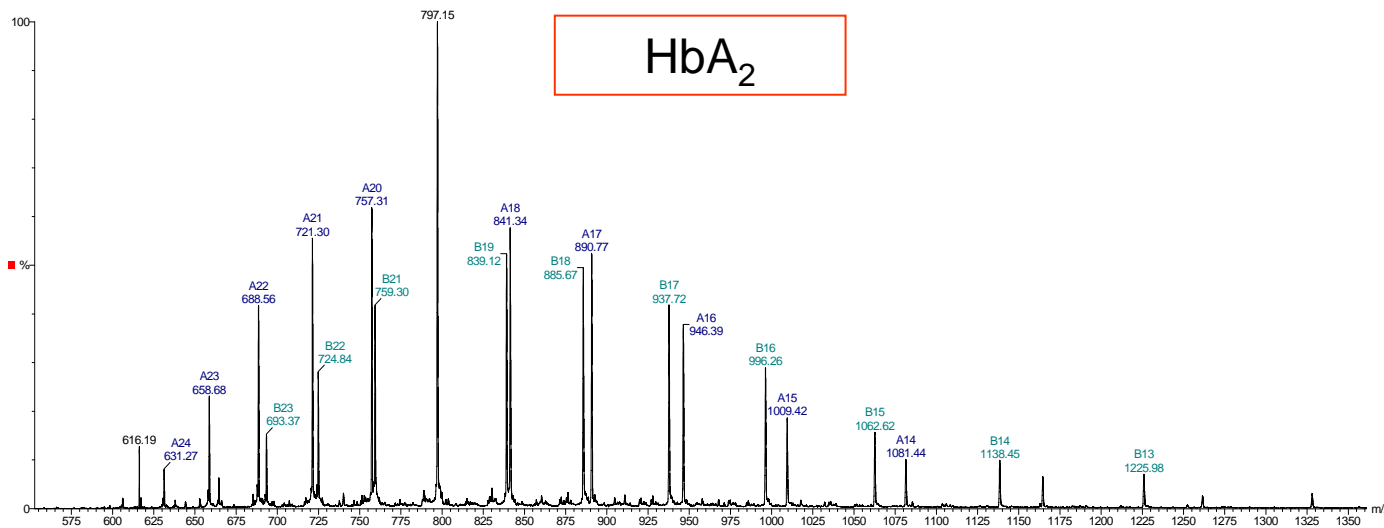
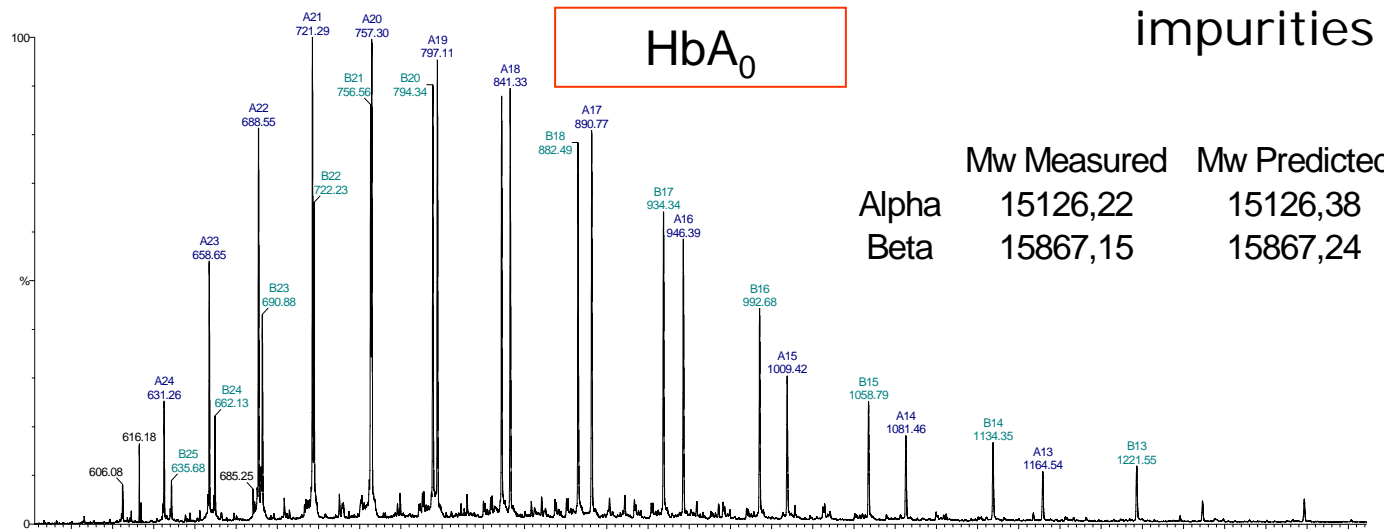
PolyCATA HPLC analysis (EB)



CIRME



ESI-MS of purified HbA₀ and HbA₂



CIRME



A. Mosca

Candidate Reference Measurement Procedure for HbA₂

Principle

HbA₂ ratio to whole hemoglobin is determined as ratio of a delta chain specific peptide to an alpha chain specific peptide.

Peptides are obtained by treating total red blood cell lysate with trypsin.

Peptide mixture is analyzed by HPLC-ESI /MS.

Calibration is performed against primary calibrators made of mixtures of HbA₂ and HbA₀ primary reference materials.

CIRME



blood



erythrocytes



hemolysate



enzymatic cleavage
with trypsin



HPLC - Mass spectrometry



quantification of specific peptides

δ T2 (TAVNALWGK) *or* δ T14 (EFTPQMQAAYQK)

α T11 (VDPVNFK)

A. Mosca

CIRME



Candidate Reference Measurement Procedure for HbA₂

Optimization

- 1) The method has been optimized with regard to several steps (digestion conditions, separation of tryptic peptides by RP-HPLC, determination of LOD and QOD, MS tuning, etc.)
- 2) A comparison between the results obtained in 2 MS labs has been performed in two steps during 2006
- 3) The SOP has been defined
- 4) Another comparison is planned in 2007
- 5) Further development to be discussed

CIRME

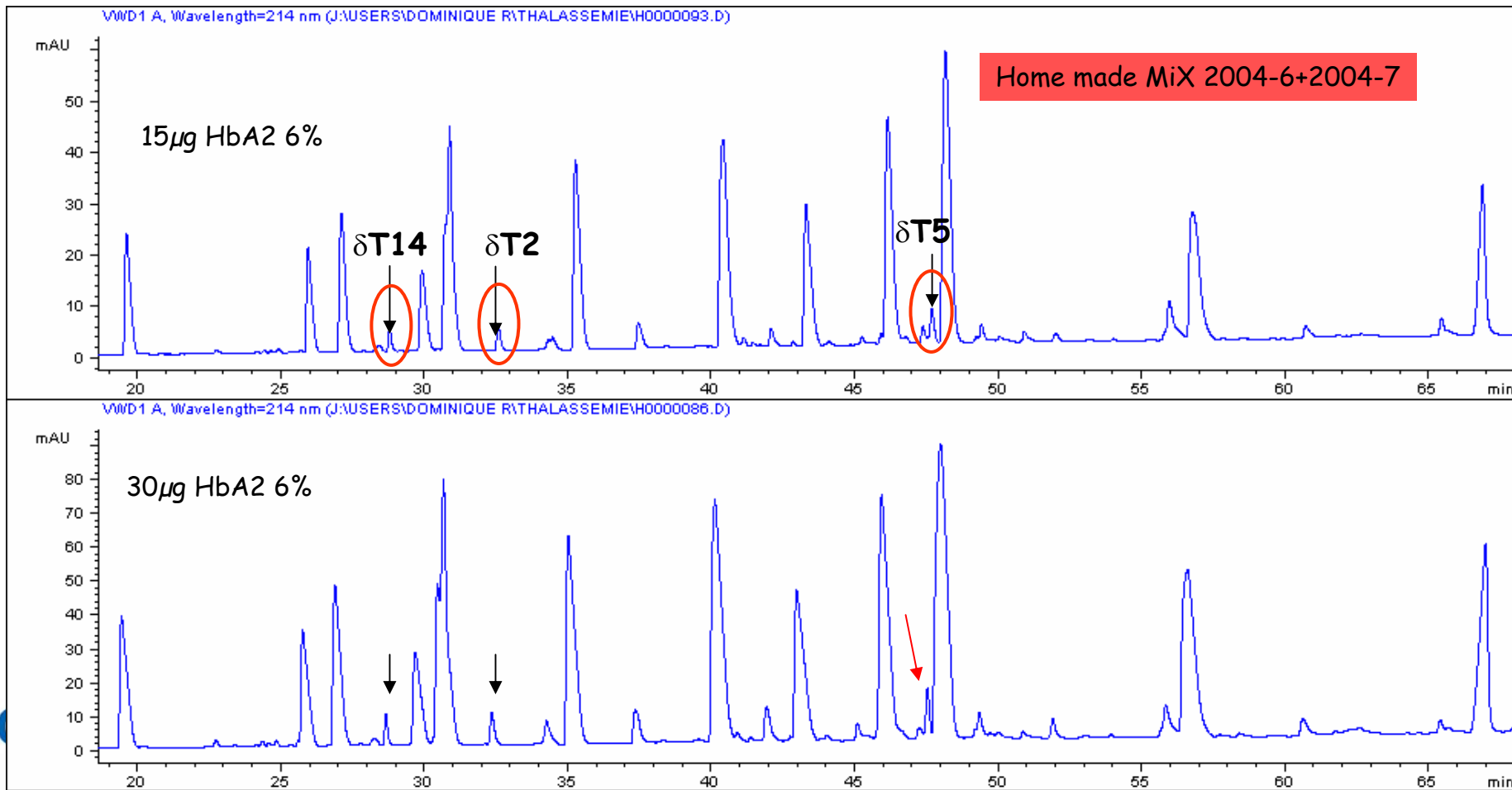


HPLC conditions optimised to separate specific peptides for α and δ chains:

HPLC instrument: Agilent 1100 Chemstation, UV detector (MicroCell : 1 μ l)

Column : **Tosoh TSKgel super ODS 2 μ m (2mmx10cm)**

Gradient : 2% B à 40% B en 76 min Flow : **0.55ml/min** (T=40°C)



Selected peptides

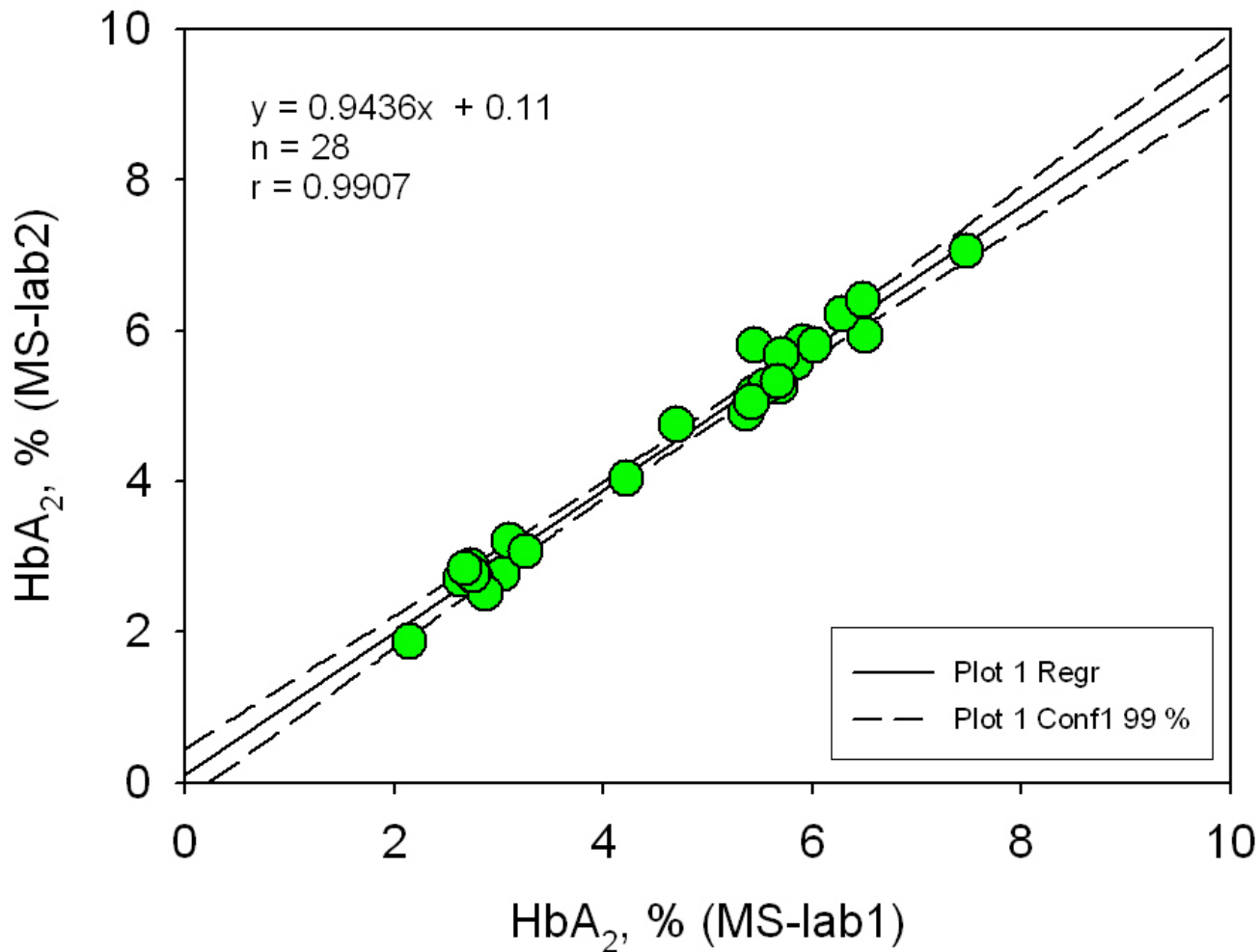
Peptide	Sequence	RT	MH+	M2H+
α T11	VDPVNFK	14.02 min	818.4	409.3
δ T2	TAVNALWGK	20.19 min	959.5	480.6
δ T3	VNVDAVGGEALGR	18.59 min	1256.7	629.1
δ T14	EFTPQMQAAYQK	16.56 min	1441.4	721.5

2006 exercise
6 calibrators
29 samples
2 digestions, 2 analyses per
digestion

$\delta T2 / \alpha T11$

all samples - July 2006

Fig. 01 all

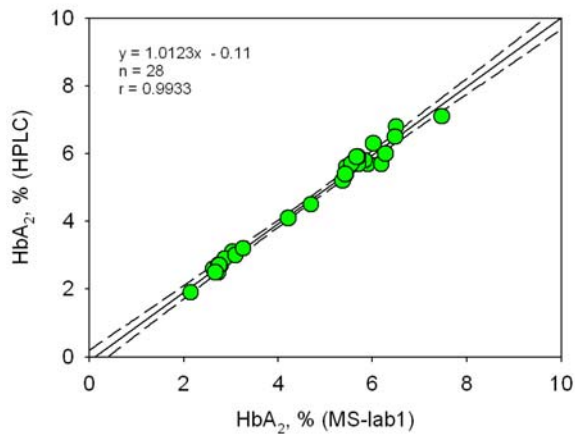


CIRME



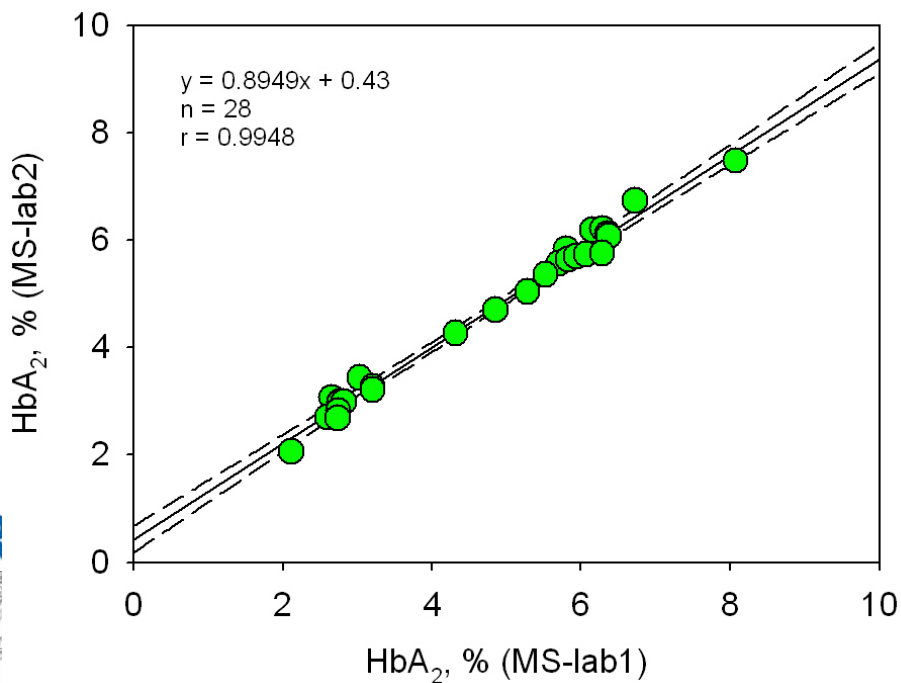
$\delta T2 / \alpha T11$

Fig. 02 all



$\delta T14 / \alpha T11$

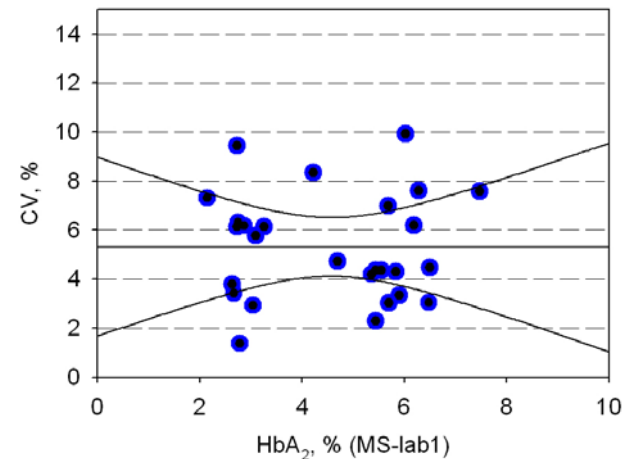
Fig.07 all



$\delta T2 / \alpha T11$

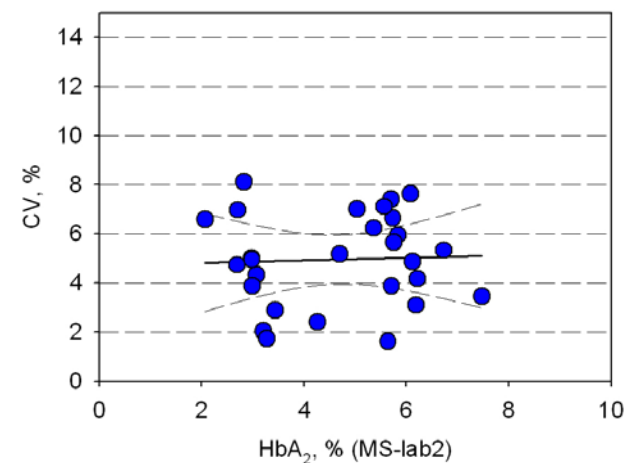
all samples - July 2006

Fig. 10 all

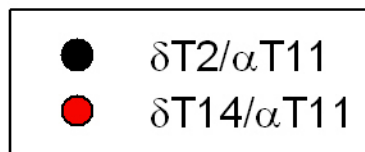
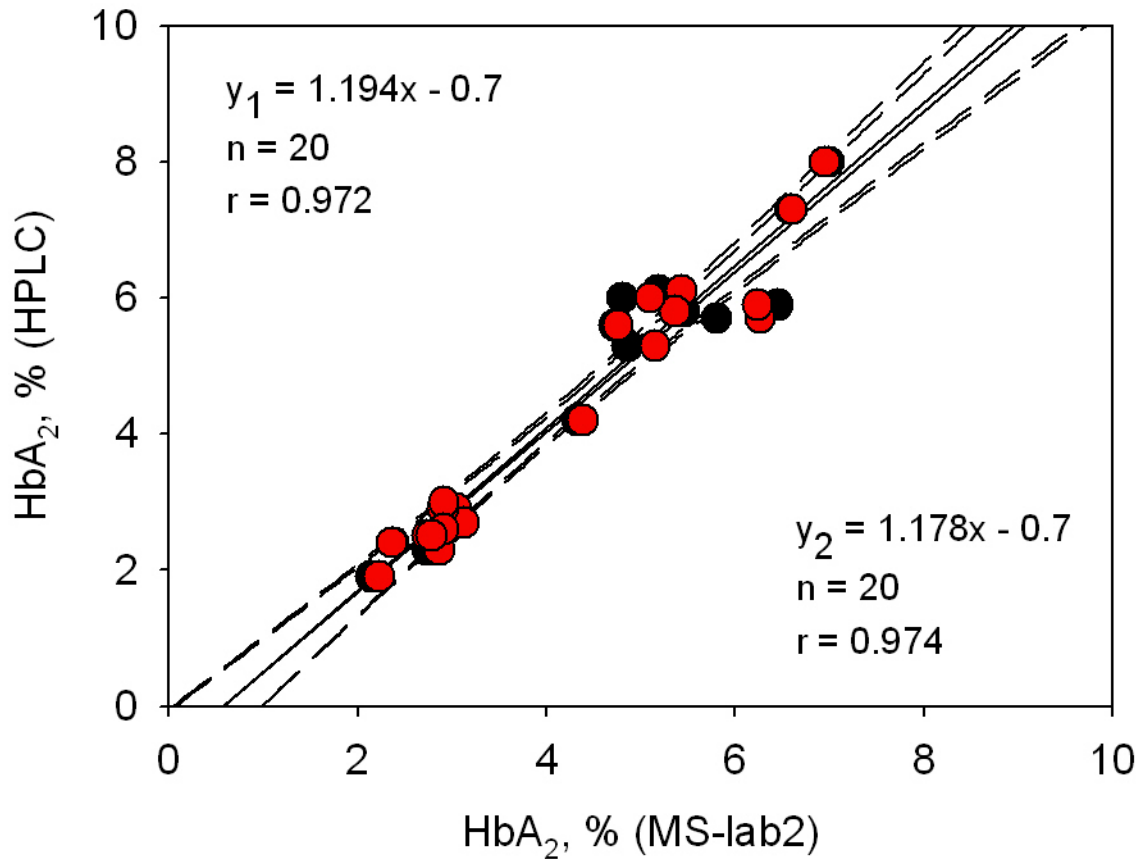


$\delta T14 / \alpha T11$

Fig. 15 all



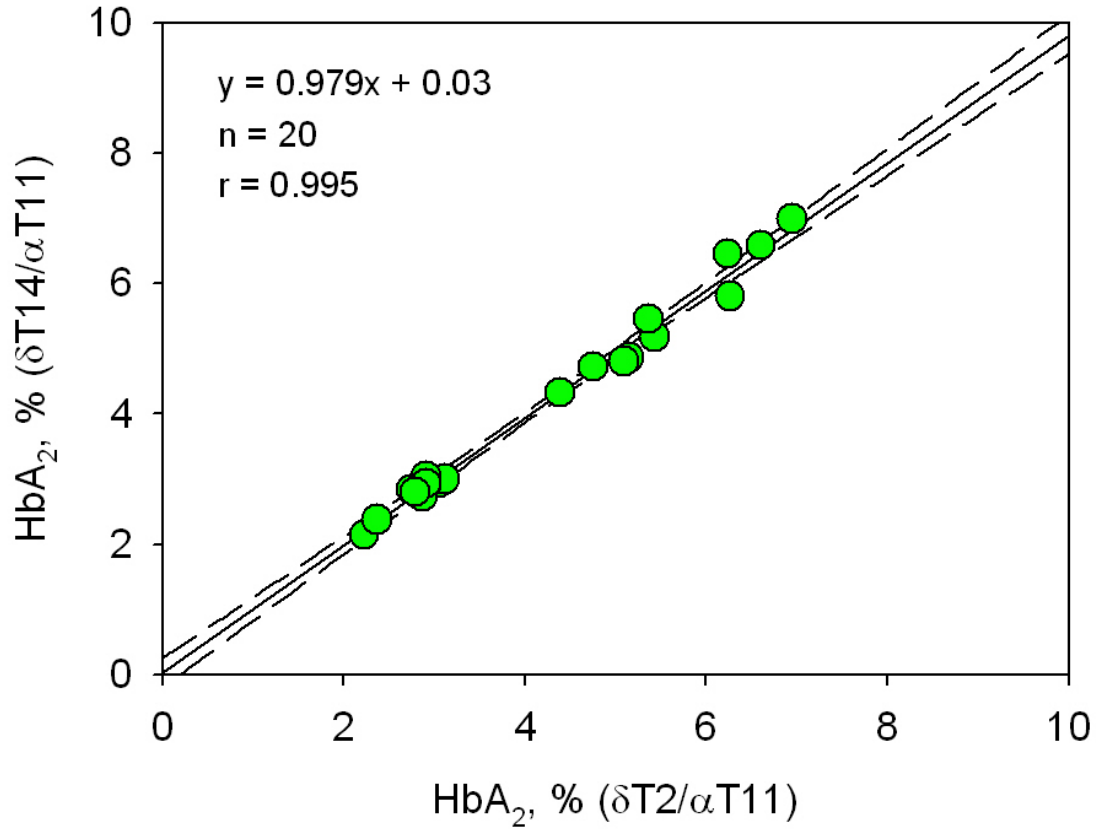
2007 exercise
6 calibrators
3 controls
20 samples
2 digestions, 2 analyses per
digestion



CIRME



UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI
DI MILANO



Reproducibility

HbA₂, % (CV, %)

$\delta T2/\alpha T11$

2.7 (4.9)

5.5 (6.3)

$\delta T14/\alpha T11$

2.7 (6.3)

5.6 (8.1)

CIRME



Secondary Reference **Materials**

- **Lyophilized hemolysates**
- **Process started on May 15, 2007**
- **Previously tested for stability and commutability against 3 HPLC methods**
- **Probably available in 2008**

CIRME





EUROPEAN COMMISSION
JOINT RESEARCH CENTRE
Institute for Reference Materials and Measurements



CERTIFIED REFERENCE MATERIAL BCR[®] – 348R

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

HUMAN SERUM				
	Concentration			
	Certified value ¹		Uncertainty ²⁾	
	[µg/L]	[nmol/L]	[µg/L]	[nmol/L]
Progesterone	8.5	26.9	0.4	1.2

1) The certified value is the concentration of progesterone determined by Isotope Dilution Gas Chromatography coupled to Mass Spectrometry (ID-GC-MS). This value is the unweighted mean of 4 sets of results, independently obtained from 4 laboratories. The material must be reconstituted according to the specified procedure (see below). The certified value is traceable to the International System of Units (SI).

2) The certified uncertainty is the expanded uncertainty estimated in accordance with the Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement (GUM). It is expressed with a coverage factor $k = 2$, corresponding to a level of confidence of about 95 %.

CIRME



Secondary reference materials for HbA₂ (IRMM)

- Expression of interest (2006)
 - Analis
 - Bio-Rad Laboratories
 - Drew
 - Helena
 - Menarini
 - Sebia
 - Tosoh
- Pilot lyophilization (100 vials, 1 level): November 2007
- Working Lyophilization (1500 vials, 2 levels): 2008
- IRMM/reference labs activities
 - Homogeneity, stability, commutability
 - Certification

CIRME





EUROPEAN COMMISSION
DIRECTORATE-GENERAL
Joint Research Centre

Form RM F/0007

Revision 9, Decv. 2006



Institute for Reference
Measurements

Project Planning Form

PROJECT TITLE

IRMM/IFCC-xxx (HbA2)

not and ERM Material

Project Information

Action Number

15012

Action Leader

Stefanie Trapmann

Project Responsible

Amalia Muñoz-Piñeiro

Further developments

- Reference method
 - Isotopic dilution
 - More reference labs (4?)
 - Establishing a network (?)
- Implementation
 - Change of units (mmol/mol Hb) (?)

Standardization of hemoglobin A2: does HbA1c history repeat itself?

	HbA _{1c}	HbA ₂
Primary reference materials	IRMM	Milano
Reference method	IFCC official	under development
Secondary reference materials	under dev.	IRMM (PPF)
Network	implemented	--
Implementation	under dev.	probably not dramatic

CIRME



References

- Mosca A. *Development of a reference system for HbA₂*. EARCR, 15th meeting, Muerten (CH), April 2005.
- Mosca A, Paleari R, Scimè-Degani V, Leone L, Ivaldi G. *Inter-method differences and commutability of control materials for Hb A₂ measurement*. Clin Chem Lab Med 2000;38:997-1002.
- Paleari R, Giambona A, Cannata M, Leto F, Maggio A, Mosca A for the IFCC WG-HbA₂. *External Quality Assessment of hemoglobin A₂ measurment: data from an Italian pilot study with fresh whole blood samples and commercial HPLC systems*. Clin Chem Lab Med 2007;45:88-92.
- IFCC WG-HbA₂. *Candidate reference method for HbA₂ based on peptide mapping. Standard Operating Procedure, vs. 2.0*, May 2007.
- Mosca A, Paleari R, Galanello R, Sollaino C, Perseu L, Demartis FR, Passarello C, Giambona N, Maggio A, for the IFCC WG-HbA₂. *New analytical tools and epidemiological data for the identification of HbA₂ borderline subjects in the screening for beta-thalassemia*. Bioelectrochemistry (in press).

CIRME



Aknowledgments

Renata Paleari (*CIRME, Dip.Sc. TecnoI. Biom., Università degli Studi di Milano*)

The IFCC Working Group on Standardization of HbA2

Donatella Caruso

Christine Schaeffer

IFCC Scientific Division

Renzo Galanello, Carla Sollaino, Franca Rosa Demartis, Lucia Perseu
(*Università degli Studi, CNR, Cagliari*)

Cristina Passarello, Antonio Giambona, Aurelio Maggio,
(*A.O. "V. Cervello", Palermo*)

A. Menarini Diagnostics, Bio-Rad Laboratories, Tosoh Bioscience

CIRME

