

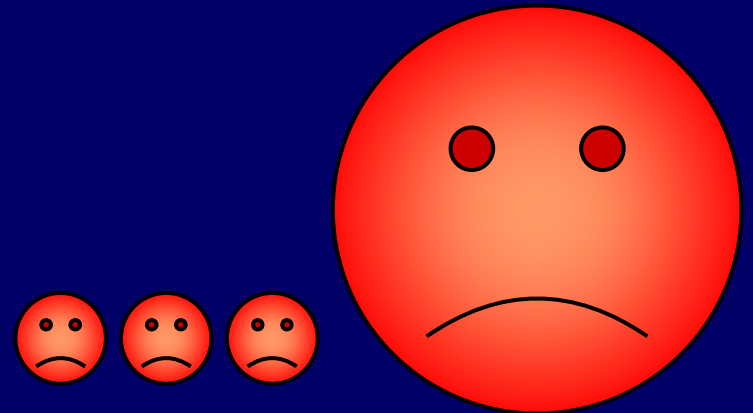
A Story of Smileys

*True Value Assignment to EQAS materials
A feasible task?*

Cas Weykamp

Queen Beatrix Hospital, Winterswijk, The Netherlands

Milan, CIRME International Meeting, 30 November 2010



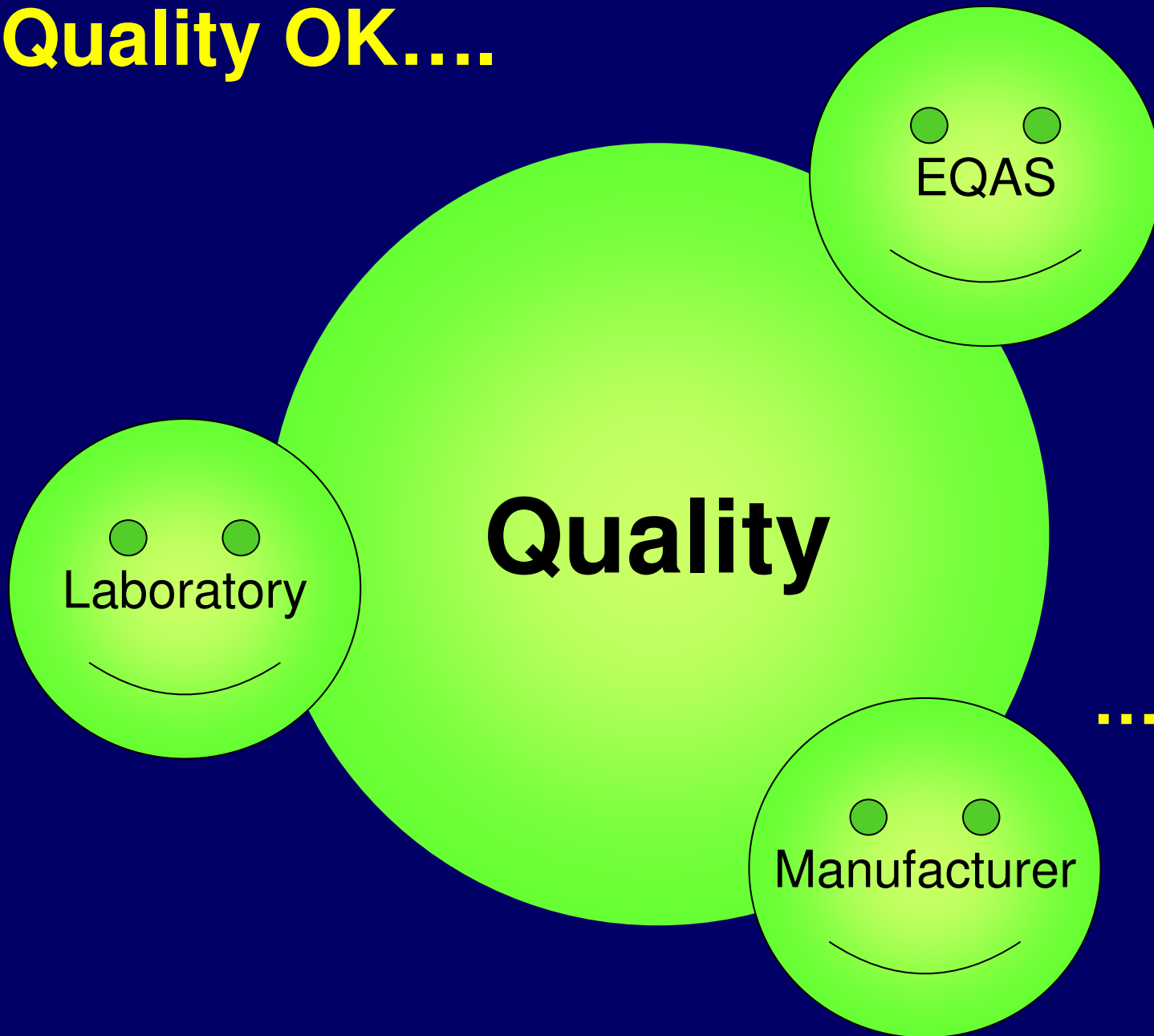
Quality

Laboratory

EQAS

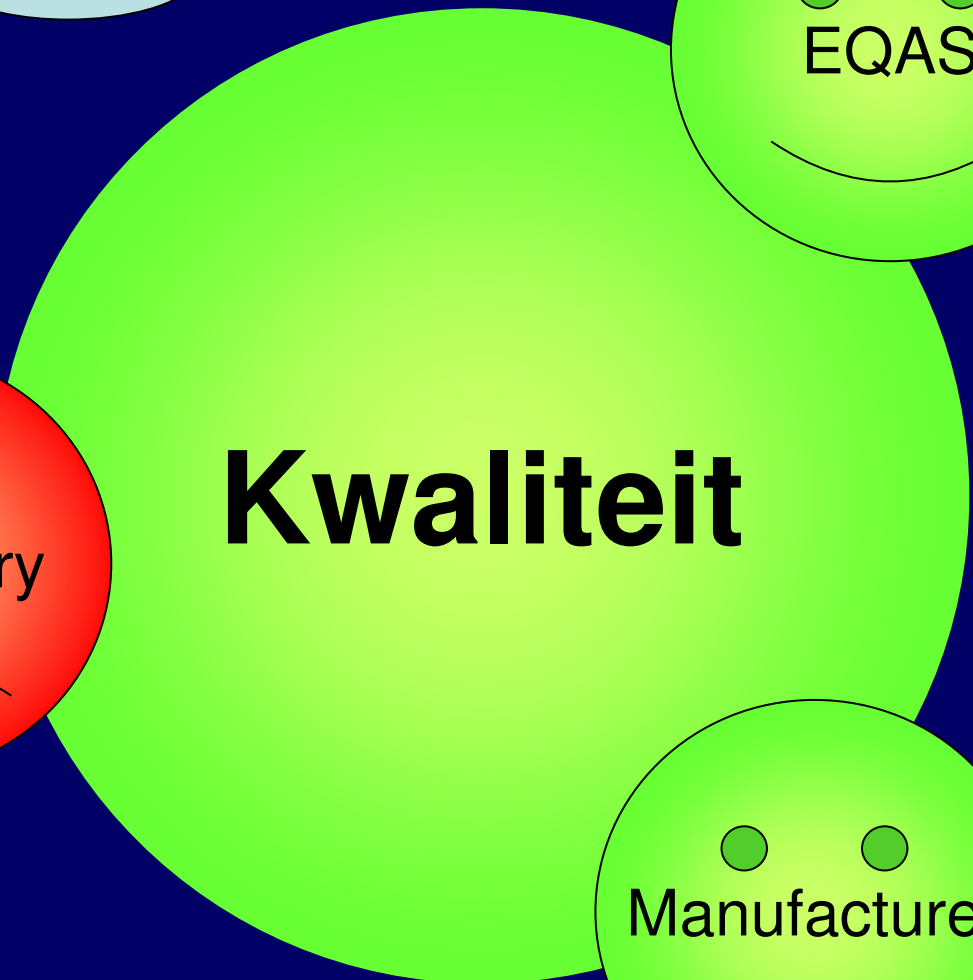
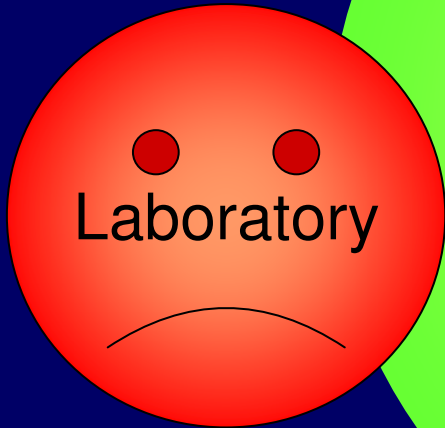
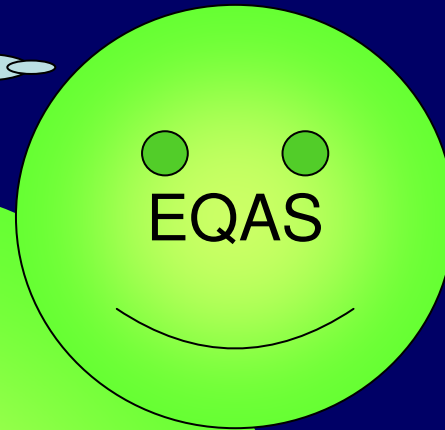
Manufacturer

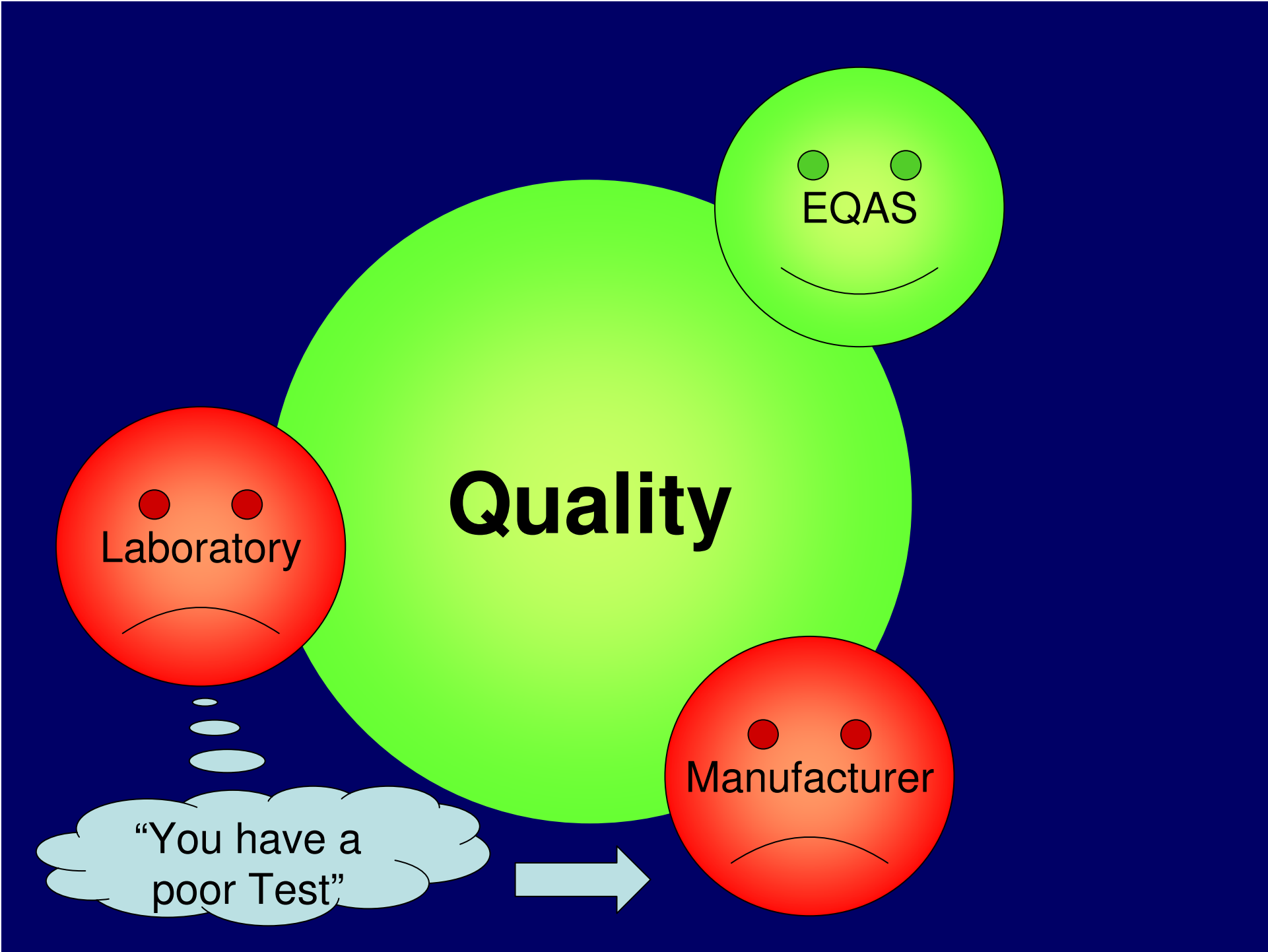
Quality OK....



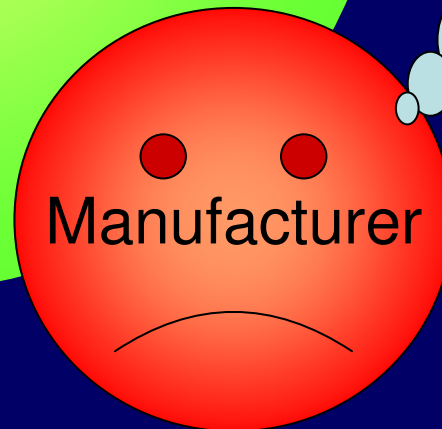
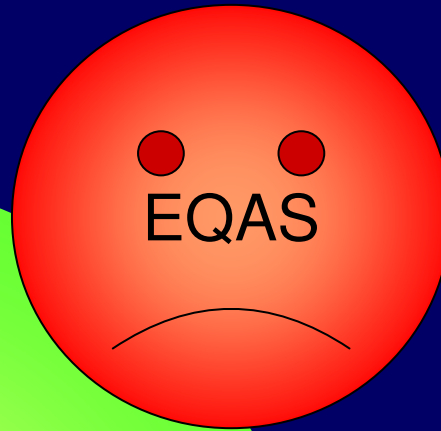
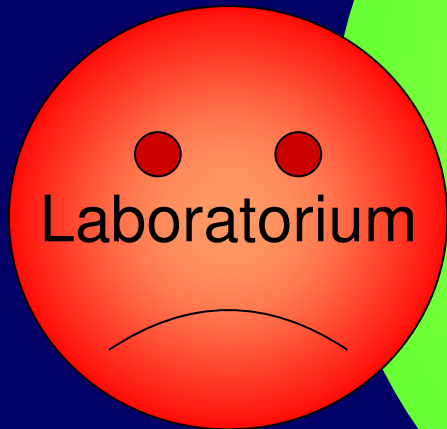
**....All
Smile**

“Poor Performance”

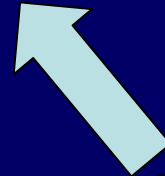


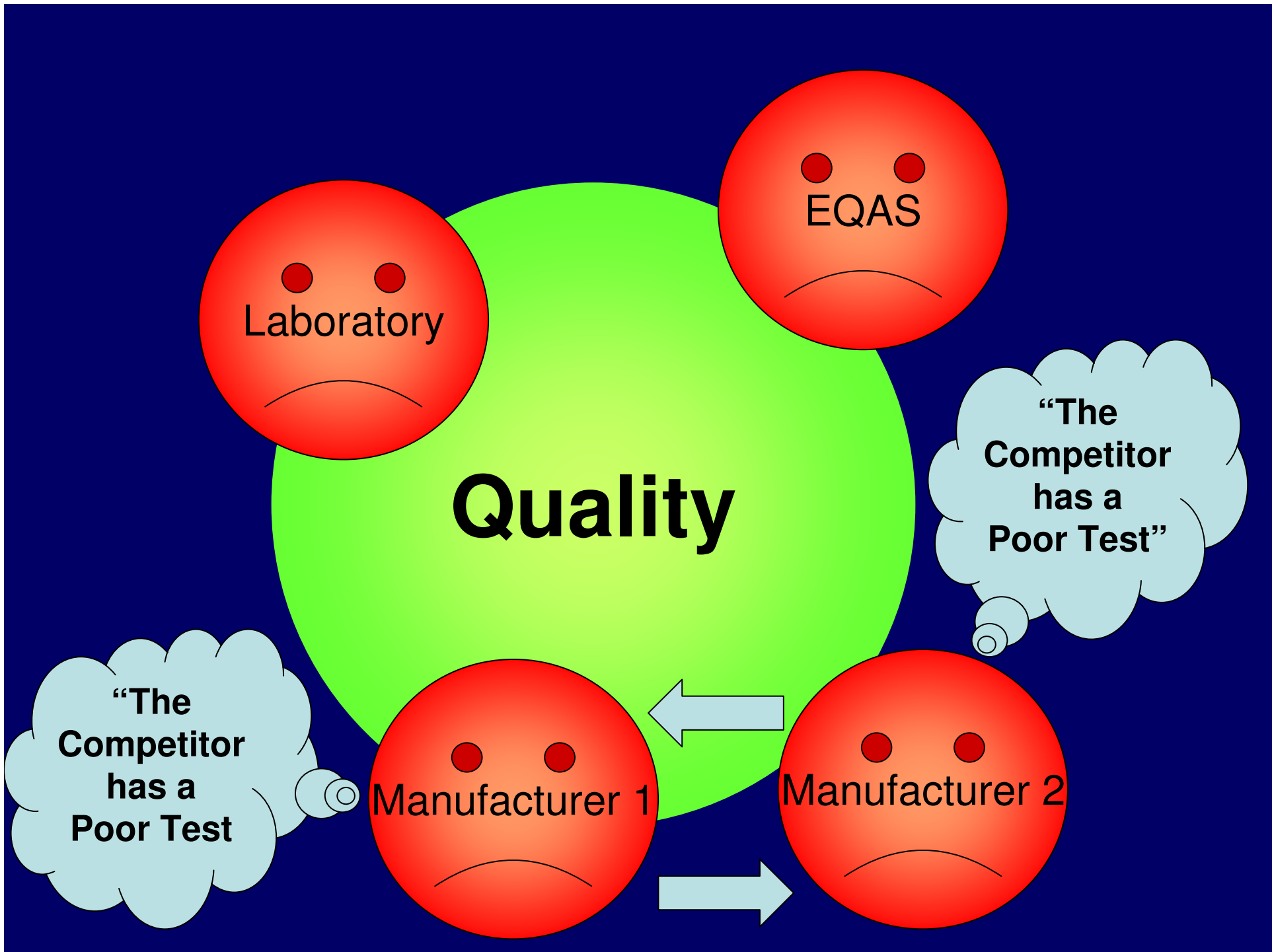


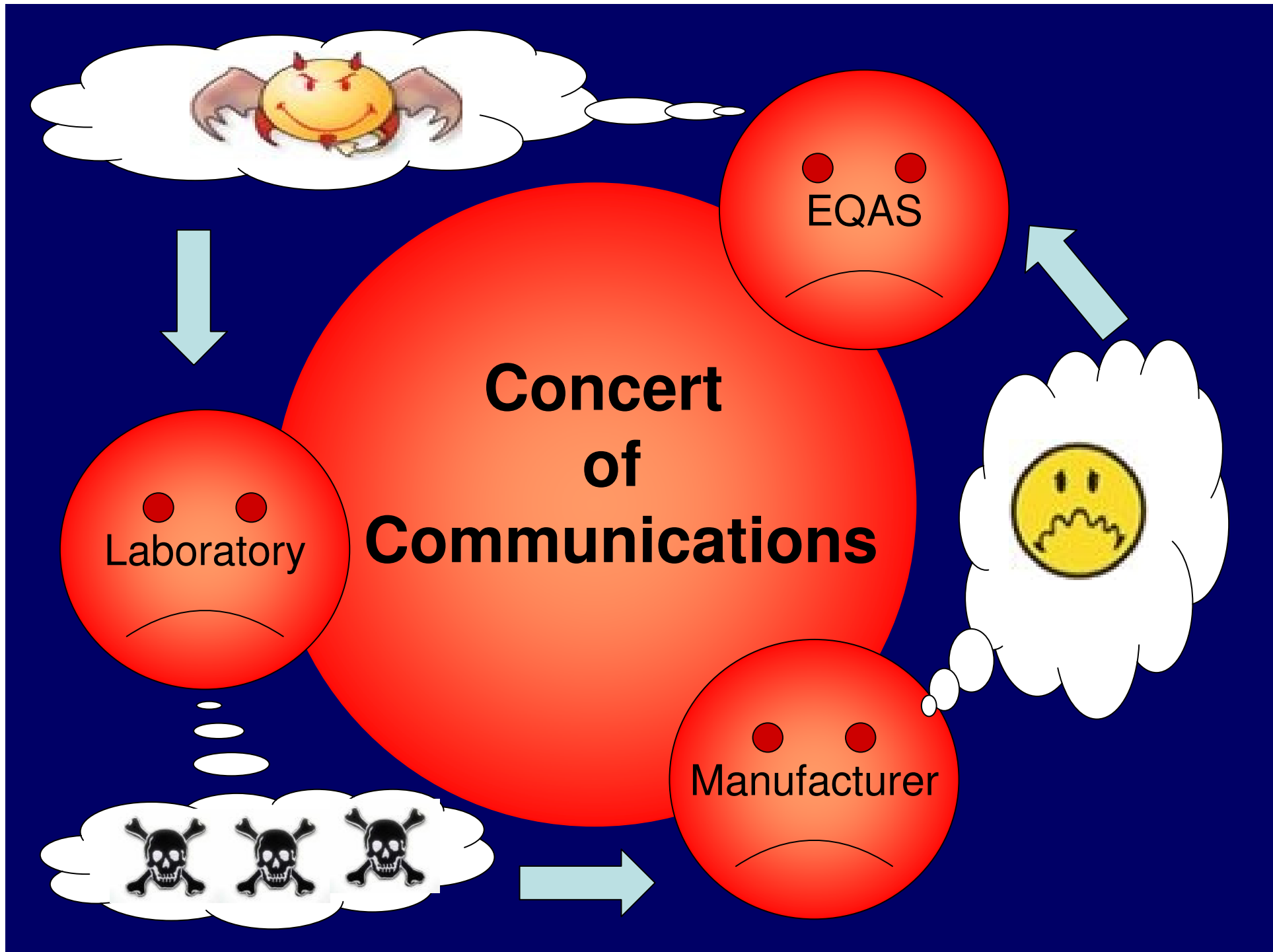
Quality

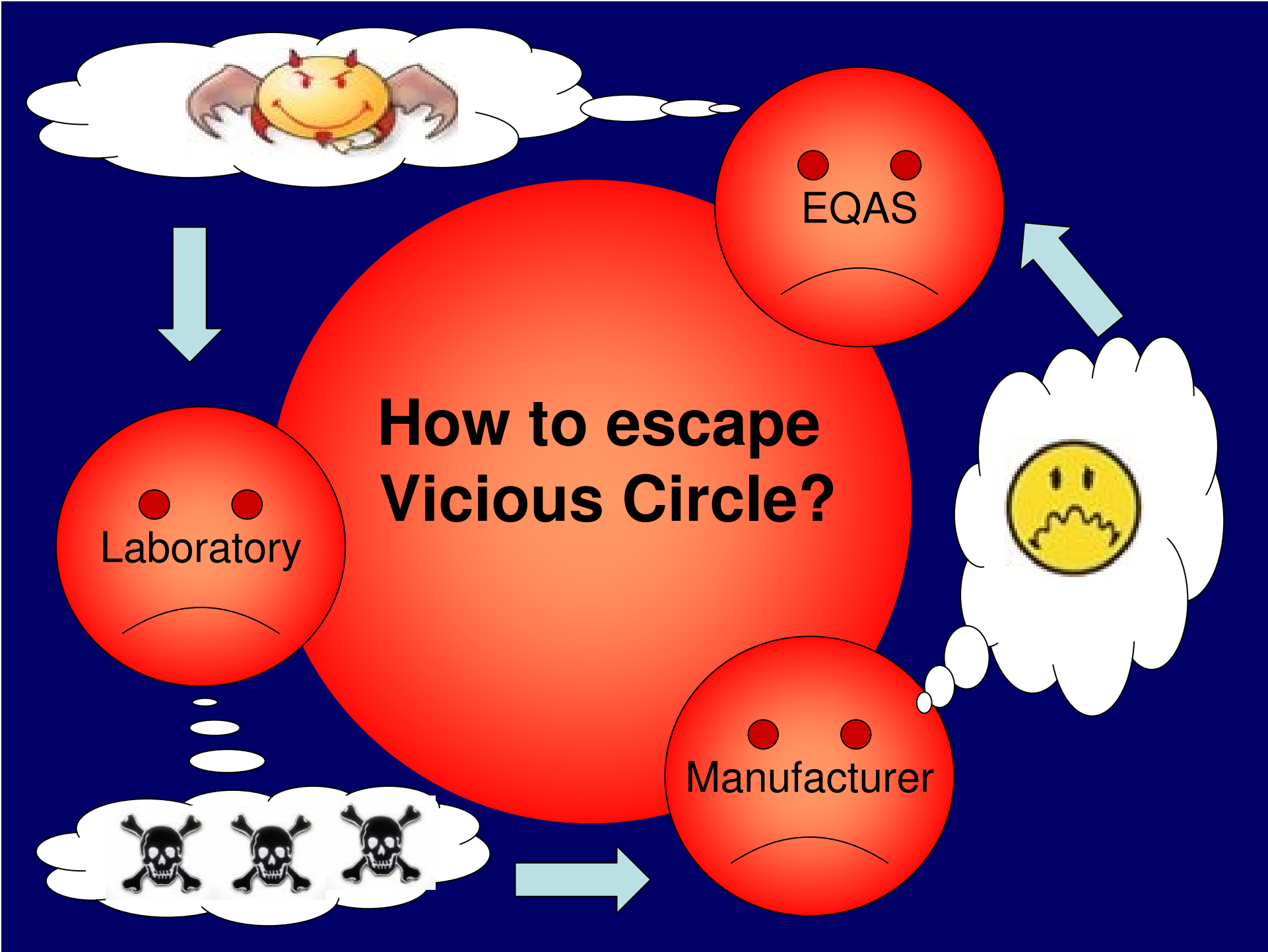


"You have a poor EQAS"









Referee

EQAS

Laboratory

Manufacturer

Referee

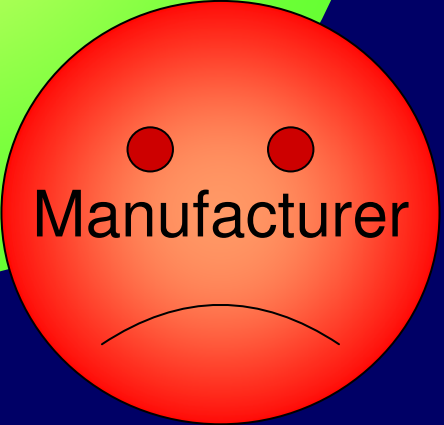
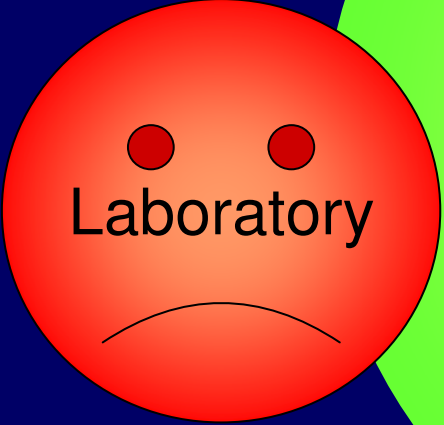
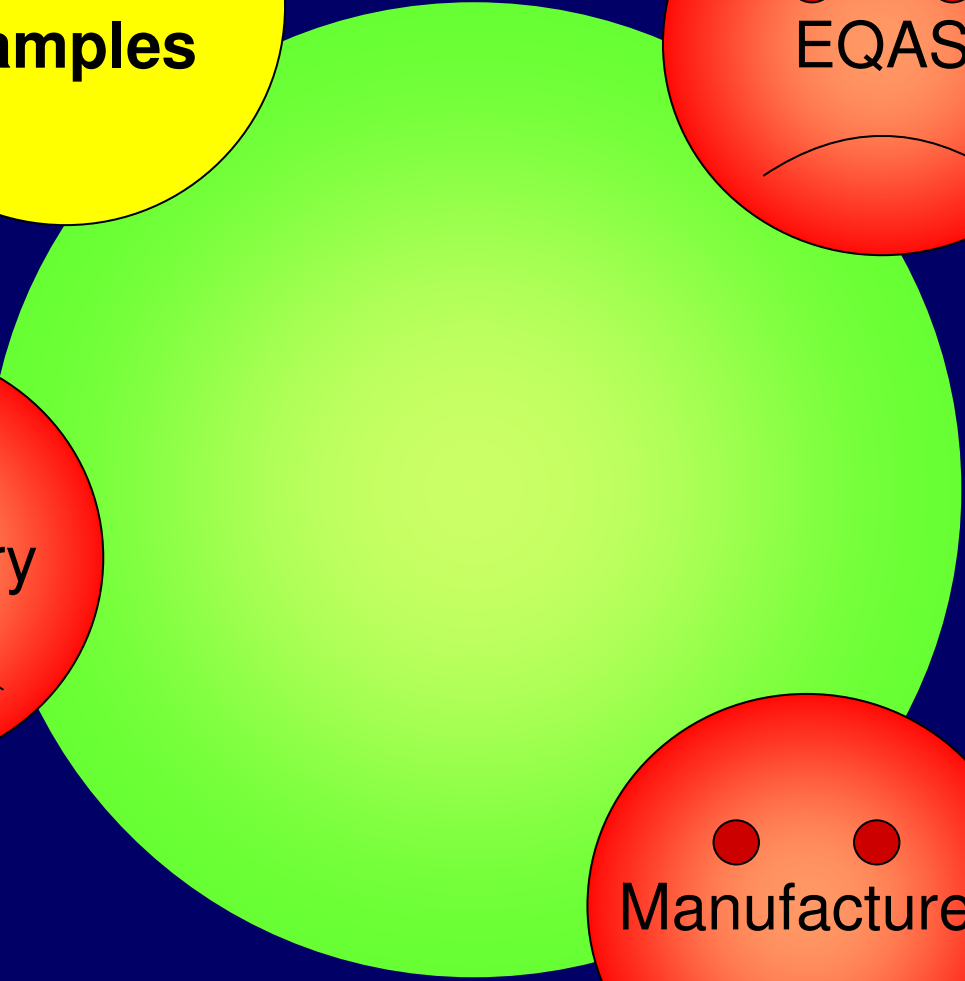
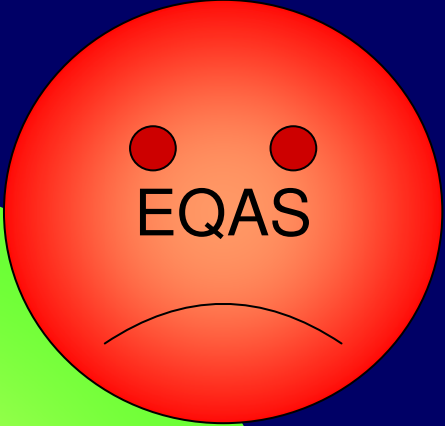
EQAS

Reference Lab
True Value
Assignment

Laboratory

Manufacturer

**Commutable
Samples**



**Commutable
Samples**

EQAS

**No
Matrix Effects**

Laboratory

Manufacturer

Essentials EQAS

- * Design EQA
- * Commutable Specimens
- * True Value Assignment

Design EQA

What we do not want.....

**EQA with ad hoc available specimens
On the Market**

.....But

**Make a design for an EQA
Manufacture specimens in
Our ISO 13485 certified production unit**

Commutable Specimens

General Chemistry

- Frozen Human Sera
- Spiked Recombinant Human Enzymes
- Spiked Minerals
- Shipment Dry Ice
- Commutability “Spy” Sample

Immunochemistry

- Lyophilised human serum
- Made commutable with CLP no. 5

HbA1c

- Lyophilised human lysate red cells
- Made commutable with CLP No. 3

(matrix effect 1 method of 3 mmol/mol – 0.3%)

True Value Assignment

Concept

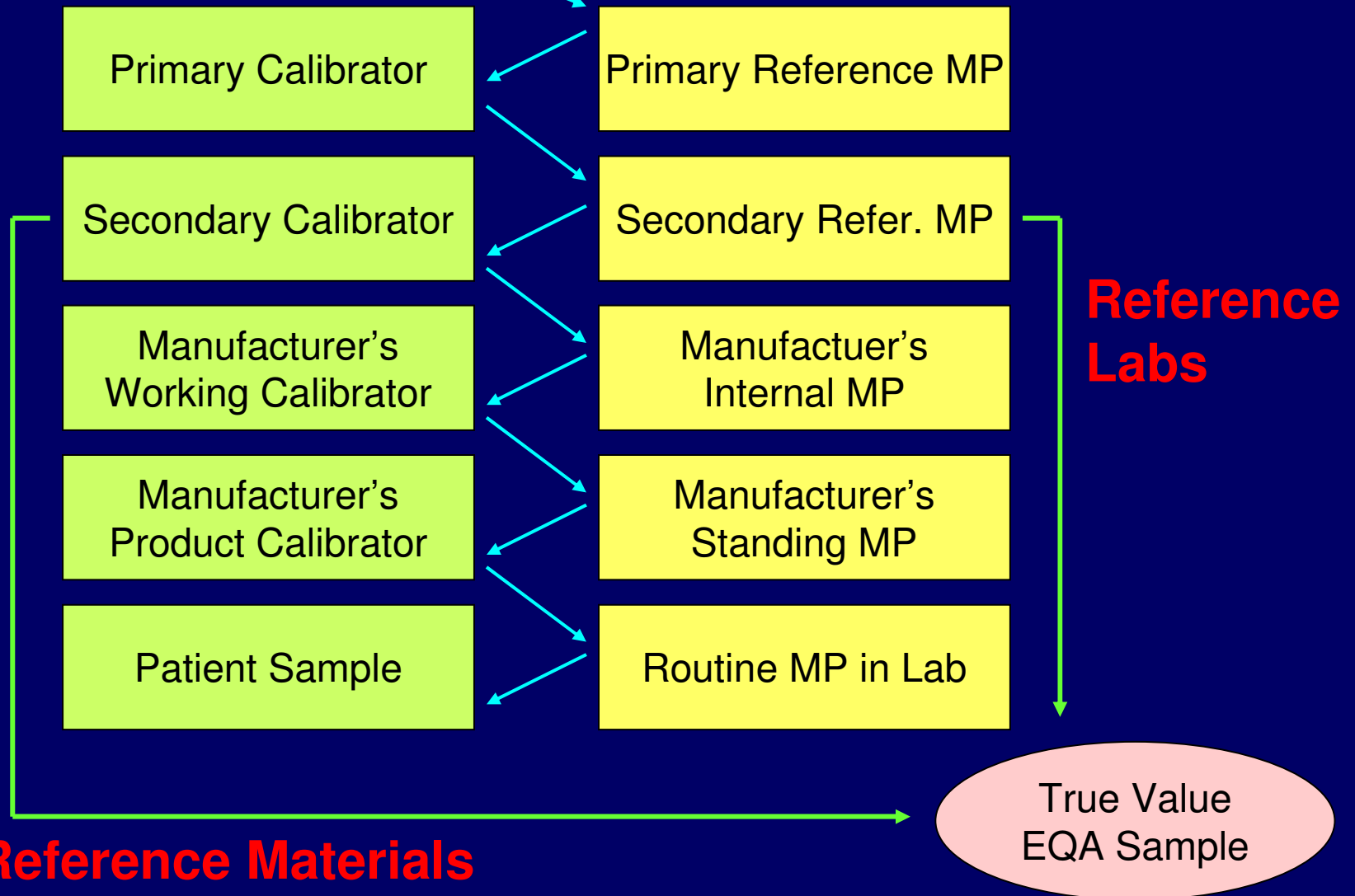
- * Traceability Chain

Tools

- * Measured with JCTLM endorsed Reference Measurement Procedure by Reference laboratory
- * Calibrated with JCTLM endorsed Certified Reference Material

True Value Assingment Traceability Chain

Definition of the
Analyte



Analyte

Reference Lab/ Material

Ca – Cl – K – Na – Glucose
Total Protein – Li – Mg

Prof Reinauer, Dr. Kaiser
Düsseldorf, Germany

Bilirubin

Prof. Schumann,
Hannover, Germany

Creatinine

Prof. Siekmann, Dr. Kessler
Bonn, Germany

HbA1c

Dr. Weykamp,
Winterswijk, The Netherlands

Cholesterol – HDL

Prof. Lindemans
Rotterdam, The Netherlands

ALAT – ASAT – GGT – LDH
CK – Amylase

Dr. Franck
The Hague, The Netherlands

IgG – IgM – IgA – Transf – Hapto
AAT – AAT – C3c – C4

CRM 470a; IRMM

A nice Concept.....

*.....But does it work
in Daily Practice?*

Time for Examples

ALAT: True Value 61 U/L

Manufacturer	n	Mean	Interlab CV
Abbott	18	59	3%
Beckman	41	60	3%
Roche	128	59	2%
Siemens	21	60	3%
Overall	208	59	3%

Successful Nation wide Standardisation
To IFCC Reference Measurement Procedure

GGT 2009: True Value 78 U/L

Manufacturer	n	Mean	Interlab CV
Abbott	18	77	3%
Beckman	45	68	12%
Roche	117	78	3%
Siemens	22	77	3%
Overall	202	75	3%



Observation: Problem Beckman users
Action SKML: Letter to Labs and Beckman
Result: Corrective Action Beckman/Labs

GGT 2010: True Value 85 U/L

Manufacturer	n	Mean	Interlab CV
Abbott	17	84	3%
Beckman	42	84	4%
Roche	128	85	3%
Siemens	21	86	3%
Overall	208	85	3%



Corrective Action Successful
Nationwide Standardisation to IFCC
Reference Measurement Procedure restored

LD: True Value 393 U/L

Method Group	n	Mean	Interlab CV
IFCC	109	384	2%
Lactate	42	371	9%
Pyruvate	52	714	9%
Overall	not relevant		

Nationwide Confusion

SKML: Advise to standardise to IFCC RMP

Dispute: Quality versus Change Ref.Range

Creatinine: True Value 94 $\mu\text{mol/L}$

Method Group	n	Mean	Interlab CV
Jaffe	70	104	6%
Jaffe Comp.	42	101	8%
Enzymatic	107	94	3%
Overall	not relevant		

Enzymatic: Excellent

SKML: Advise Enzymatic Methods

Dispute: Quality versus Costs

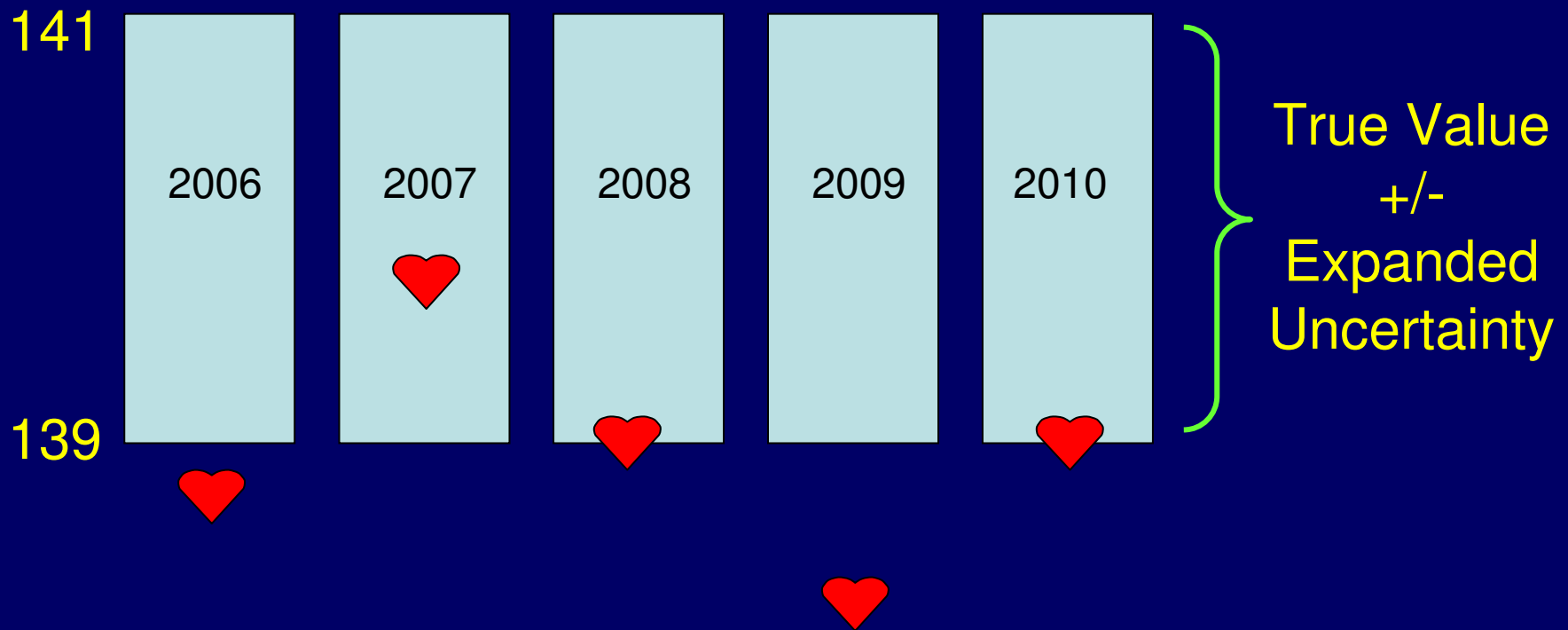
Creatinine e-GFR: True Value 53

Method Group	Mean	% Labs e-GFR >10%
Jaffe	50	21%
Jaffe Comp.	50	18%
Enzymatic	53	9%
Overall	not relevant	

e-GFR wrong due to Creatinine Method.....
.....but also due to wrong MDRD equation
Action EQA: paper collaboration clinicians

Na: True Value 140 mmol/L

Ion Selective Methods



Substantial Uncertainty in True Value
Over 5 years: Significant Deviation ISM
But is this clinically relevant?
Present Status: under investigation

Immuno Chemistry

2003: Lyophilised Sample

Calibrated: CRM 470

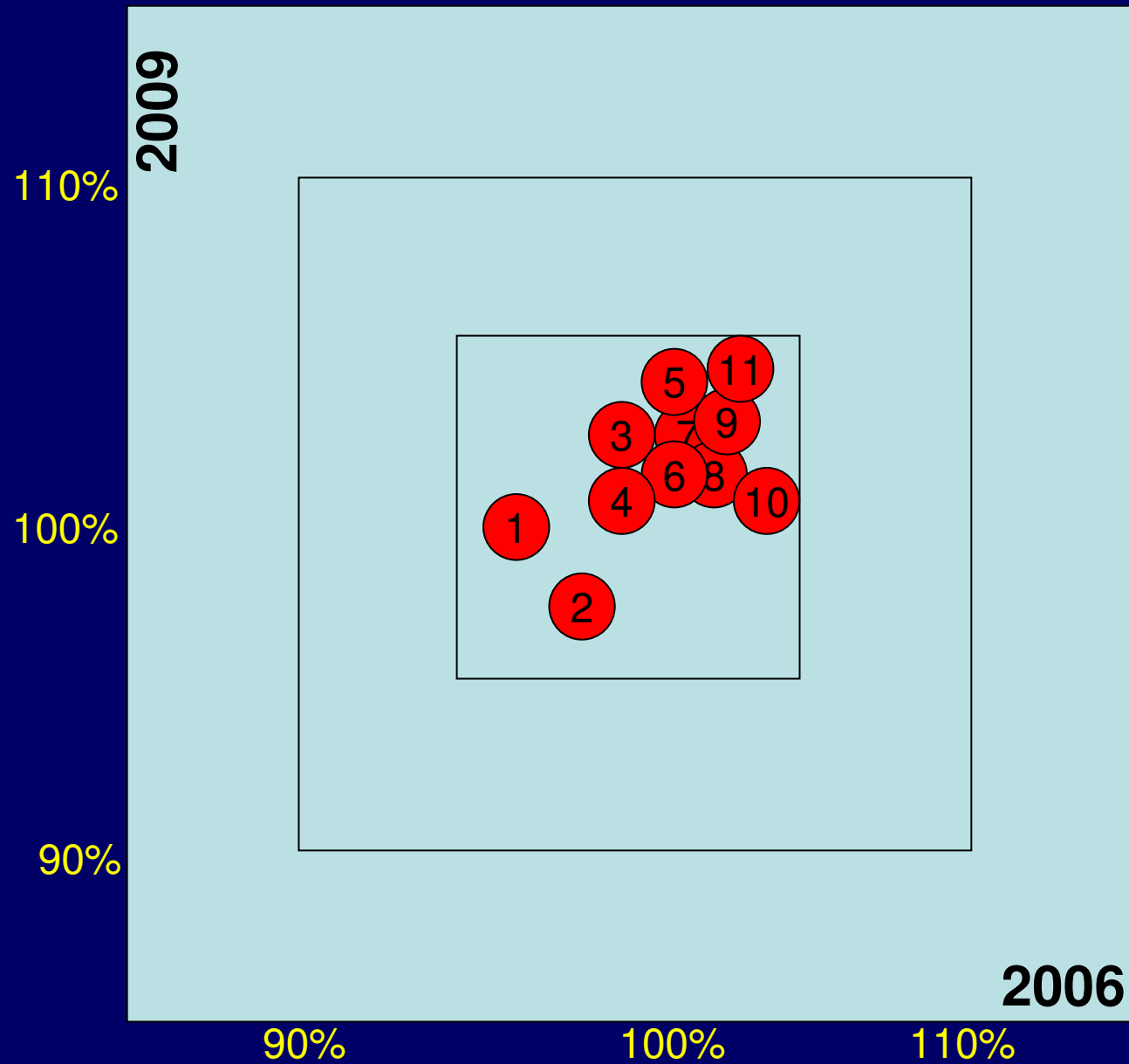
In EQA 2006 en 2009

Do labs measure True Value?

Method	n	Recovery		Interlab CV	
		2006	2009	2006	2009
AAT	50	101	104	8%	7%
Albumine	49	101	104	5%	6%
C3c	43	97	101	5%	6%
C4	43	104	101	5%	8%
Cerulopl.	23	100	101	9%	13%
Hapto	79	101	104	5%	5%
Prealb	12	101	103	6%	4%
Transferr	84	100	100	4%	5%
IgG	92	98	98	4%	6%
IgA	89	103	101	7%	6%
IgM	89	104	103	6%	7%
Overall		101	102	6%	7%

Recovery Proteins 2006 and 2009: Mean All Labs

- 1 = C3
- 2 = IgG
- 3 = Pre-Alb
- 4 = Transf
- 5 = AAT
- 6 = Cerulo
- 7 = Alb
- 8 = IgA
- 9 = Hapto
- 10 = C4
- 11 = IgM



Conclusion

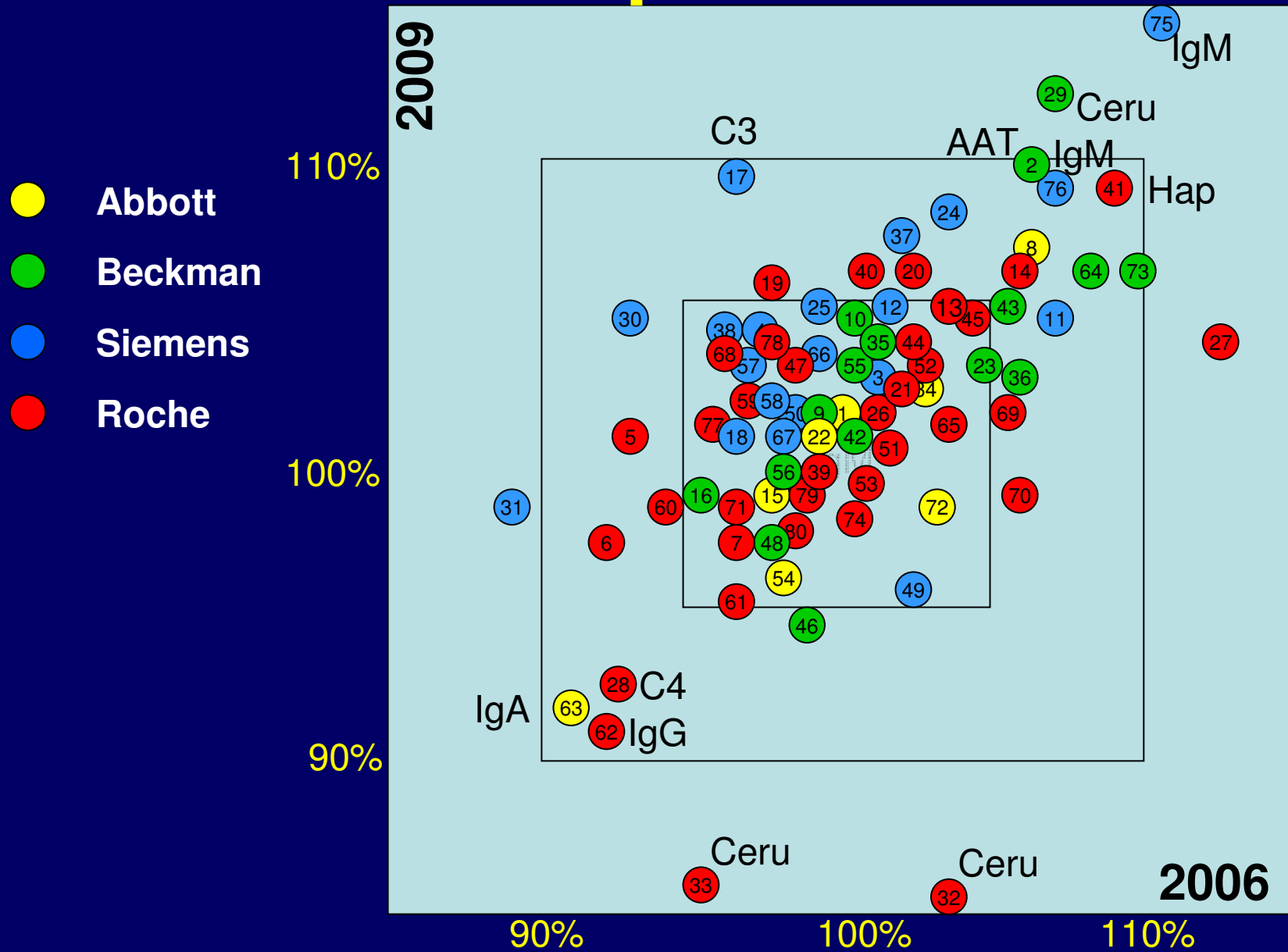
Overall:

Long-term Excellent Traceability

But:

Per Manufacturer?

11 Proteins – per Manufacturer



Conclusion

In general: OK

But:

Some Manufacturers may
Investigate

Traceability some proteins

HbA1c

- * Long term Efforts IFCC WG and NGSP
- * 2010: All Manufacturers Traceable
IFCC RMP
- * Effect on Quality?

HbA1c

- * Long term Efforts IFCC NGSP
- * 2010: All Manuf traceable
IFCC
- * Effect

Warning Chair!

HbA1c

- * Long term Efforts IFCC V... GSP
- * 2010: All Manufact... able
IFCC RM...
- * Effect on

Cas do not talk to long
on your hobby-horse

HbA1c: Trend Quality in 15 years

<i>Year</i>	<i>Deviation Target*</i>	<i>Intralab CV</i>	<i>Interlab CV</i>
1993	----	5.2%	22.0%
1999	+3 (+0.3%)	4.9%	11.2%
2002	-1 (-0.1%)	3.4%	8.5%
2005	-2 (-0.2%)	2.9%	6.9%
2010	0 (0.0%)	1.9%	3.5%

* Mmol/mol (%NGSP)

EQA with True Value shows....

Method Method Method
Manuf. Manuf. Manuf.
X Y Z

Lab A	Lab G	Lab M
Lab B	Lab H	Lab N
Lab C	Lab I	Lab O
Lab D	Lab J	Lab P
Lab E	Lab K	Lab Q
Lab F	Lab L	Lab R

....Poor performing Individual labs

EQA with True Value shows

Method Manuf. X	Method Manuf. Y	Method Manuf. Z
Lab A	Lab G	Lab M
Lab B	Lab H	Lab N
Lab C	Lab I	Lab O
Lab D	Lab J	Lab P
Lab E	Lab K	Lab Q
Lab F	Lab L	Lab R

....Poor performing Methods/Manufacturers

EQA with True Value shows

Method Manuf. X	Method Manuf. Y	Method Manuf. Z
Lab A	Lab G	Lab M
Lab B	Lab H	Lab N
Lab C	Lab I	Lab O
Lab D	Lab J	Lab P
Lab E	Lab K	Lab Q
Lab F	Lab L	Lab R

....Poor Performing Profession

**Many Examples showing that
EQA programmes
with commutable samples
and traceable target values
are effective....**

***....but what are the limitations
of this concept?***

Limitations (1)

1. No RMP or CRM for many analytes
2. Costs EQA organisers (samples/targeting)
3. Burden Reference Labs (accreditation)
4. How to handle Uncertainty?

Limitations (2)

5. Criteria Performance (state of the art, biological variation, clinical decision)
6. Reluctance to change (clinicians/costs)
7. Qualitative Tests?
8. Lack of knowledge (Traceability?)

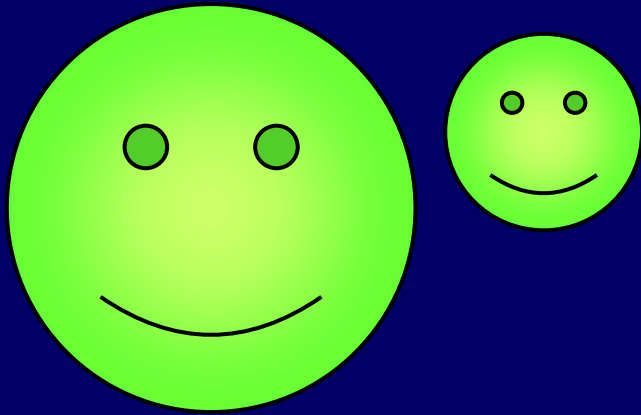
Summary

An EQA Programme, using commutable samples and traceable targets (true value assignment):

- * Can irrefutably identify
 - poor performing individual labs,
 - poor performing methods/manufacturers
 - overall poor performance of the profession

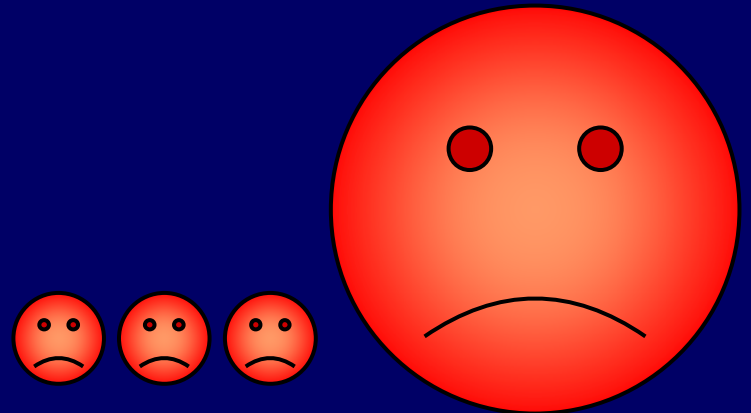
- * Is an excellent tool to monitor Standardisation and harmonisation efforts

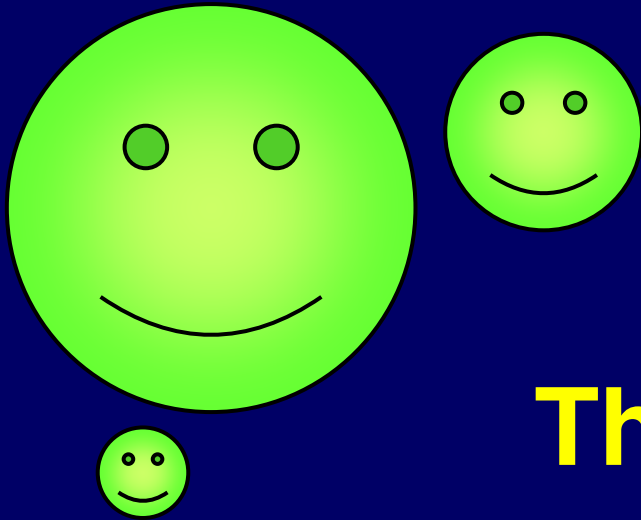
- * In the long term: improves Quality



***True Value Assignment to EQAS materials
A feasible task?***

Yes!





**Thank you for
Your Attention.....**

....And keep on Smiling!

